Village of Lyndonville

Annual Report



Year Ending December 31, 2020

PLEASE REMEMBER

THERE WILL BE NO FORMAL VILLAGE MEETING DUE TO COVID-19. TWO INFORMATIONAL MEETINGS WILL BE HELD VIA ZOOM.

Annual Village Meeting Informational Meeting

Time: Mar 15, 2021 05:30 PM Eastern Time (US and Canada)

Join Zoom Meeting

https://us02web.zoom.us/j/87907214473?pwd=VXVXY2JYUUZZdDZ2VEExUFRsUEVTZz09

Meeting ID: 879 0721 4473

Passcode: 095093

One tap mobile: +16468769923,,87907214473#,,,,*095093# US (New York)

Dial by your location: +1 646 876 9923 US (New York)

Meeting ID: 879 0721 4473, Passcode: 095093

Find your local number: https://us02web.zoom.us/u/kdBb8hrKLz

AUSTRALIAN BALLOT VOTING

MARCH 16, 2021 1:00 PM TO 7:00 PM

AT THE MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDING GYMNASIUM

119 PARK AVENUE, LYNDONVILLE, VT

EARLY/ABSENTEE BALLOTS AVAILABLE BY CALLING THE OFFICE AT (802) 626-5785

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

OFFICERS OF THE

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE VERMONT

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2020

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VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE

(Website: www.lyndonvt.org)

VILLAGE OFFICERS

Moderator Clerk & Treasurer Trustees	Sean McFeeley Dawn R. Dwyer Doug Conly Susan Mills Sarah Whittemore Heather Bollman Chris Hunter	2021 2021 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025
Village Agent	Vacant	2021
	APPOINTED BY THE TRUSTEES	
Municipal Administrator Delinquent Tax Collector Public Works Supervisor Electric Department Manager Police Advisory Committee	Justin Smith (justin@lyndonvt.org) Village Treasurer Joe Dauphin (villagewater@lyndonvt.com) Bill Humphrey (bhumphrey@lyndonvilleelectric.com) Amy Bean, Curtis Carpenter, Tim Gaskin, Christopher	626-5834 626-5785 626-5468 626-3366 Hunter

TOWN AND VILLAGE JOINT PLANNING AND ZONING

Development Review Board		Planning Commission	
Pauline Harris	2021	Sylvia Dodge, Vice Chair-Resigned 2/15/21	2023
Kevin Cole	2022	Emily Finnegan-Resigned 1/18/21	2023
Keyin McKeon	2022	Evan Carlson-Resigned 3/19/20	
Curtis Carpenter	2022	Nedah Warstler-Appointed 11/23/20	2024
Jon Prue, Chair	2023	Tammy Martel	2021
Brandon Carpenter, Vice Chair	2023	Susan Hanus-Resigned 1/18/21	2022
Craig Weston	2023	Sean McFeeley, Chair	2022
_		Ken Mason	2022
DRB Alternates: David Keenan	& Eric	Paris	
Zoning Administrator	2021		626-1269
Planning Director	2021		626-1269

OTHERS

Chief of Police	Jack T. Harris	626-1271
Fire Chief & Warden	Jeff Corrow	626-4100
Animal Control Officer	Cindy Cady	626-7297
Health Officer	Debra Smith	626-0852
	Patrick McLaughlin	(802)858-4468
Green-Up Day Coordinator	Christian Thompson	

APPOINTED BY THE TOWN CLERK

Assistant Town Clerks: Darcie Edmunds, Denise Montgomery, Laurie Willey Deputy Registrars: Mark Harpin, Todd Pearsons, Stephen Robertson

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE

Incorporated December 24, 1880

Population 2010 U.S. Census 1,207 (2000 - 1227; 1990 - 1255; 1980 - 1409; 1970 - 1415; 1960 - 1477; 1950 - 1506)

2020 Grand List \$ 696,217.00

2020 Tax Rates

	<u>Reside</u>	<u>ntial</u>	Nonresidential
Village General	\$	0.8324	\$ 0.8324
School District		1.3544	1.6235
Local Agreement		0.0038	0.0038
Town General		0.4412	0.4412
Total Village Tax Rate	\$	2.6318	\$ 2.9009

Highway Mileage - Village of Lyndonville

State Highways (U.S. Route 5)		0.463
Class I Highways		1.337
Class III Highways		5.210
Class IV Highways		0.020
Legal Trail		0.030
•	Total Mileage	7.060

Lyndonville Village Clerk's Office Information:

P.O. Box 167

119 Park Avenue, Lyndonville VT 05851

Telephone Number: (802) 626-5785 FAX (802) 626-1265

Office Hours: Monday - Friday 7:30 AM to 12:30 PM

Due to Covid-19 Pandemic, the office is closed to the public.

Website: www.lyndonvt.org FaceBook: https://www.facebook.com/town.lyndon/
Note on Dated Billings:

Please note the due dates of all bills generated by this office. The office day ends at 4:30 PM. Payments placed in the outside box after that time will be credited the next business day and will, if then past due, be assessed a penalty.

POST MARKS ARE NOT ACCEPTED FOR BILLS GENERATED BY THIS OFFICE

Tax bills are mailed to the last known address of the owner of property as of April 1st of that year and are mailed as soon as possible after receipt of information from the State.

Water bills are mailed quarterly. Please check your bills for actual due dates.

AUDITORS' REPORT

In accordance with Title 17, Section 2651b(a), of the V.S.A., the voters of the Village of Lyndonville voted to eliminate the office of Auditor at the Annual Meeting Held on March 16, 2004. The Village's financial statements are audited annually by an independent accounting firm. This audit is performed during the summer of the following year. The audit report will be on the website as well as at the Clerk's office once completed. If you have any questions regarding the unaudited financial information included in this report, please speak to the Village Treasurer.

IMPORTANT DATES FOR 2021

March 16 ANNUAL VILLAGE MEETING – Due to COVID-19, all voting will be by Australian

Ballot at the Municipal Office Building Gymnasium located at 119 Park Avenue from

1:00 PM to 7:00 PM. Masks will be required to vote in person inside the building. Outside

voting will be available for those who wish to vote in person. Please call the office at

626-5785 for an early/absentee ballot.

April 1 Last day to license dogs without a late fee. Call the office for directions.

September Tax bills are mailed as soon as possible after receipt of information from the State.

November 5 Last day to pay 2021 property taxes, by 4:30 PM, without penalty and interest.

Postmarks not accepted.

DATES THE TOWN CLERK'S OFFICE IS CLOSED

January 1 New Year's Day

February 15 President's Day

March 2 TOWN MEETING DAY

May 31 Memorial Day

July 5 Independence Day

September 6 Labor Day

November 11 Veteran's Day

November 25 & 26 Thanksgiving

December 24 Christmas

TIMES OF IMPORTANT MEETINGS

The Board of Trustees and Selectboard meet alternate Monday nights in the Conference Room of the Municipal Office Building. Both Boards begin their meetings at 5:30 PM. Agendas and minutes can be found on our website: www.lyndonyt.org.

The Development Review Board meets the first and third Thursday of the month in the Conference Room of the Municipal Office Building. The Planning Commission meets the second and fourth Wednesday of the month in the Conference Room. Notices of these meetings, including agendas, are published in the Caledonian Record 16 days prior to the meeting date, as well as on our website. Please check for start times.

During the COVID-19 pandemic, meetings will be held via ZOOM. The links can be found on the website in the appropriate agenda.

2020 Lyndonville Trustees Report

Like villages, towns, and cities across the country Lyndonville has been faced with adjusting to the COVID 19 pandemic. Beginning in April our normal biweekly, face to face, meetings were replaced with the now common place "ZOOM" meetings. After several months of this we have all become accustomed to talking into our computer screens or smart phones, which will never replace the value of conference table discussions. With State mandates still in place, we are now faced with a virtual Village meeting and Australian ballot process. We are all hopeful that in the coming months the pandemic is reduced to a point where we can return to some sense of normalcy in our daily lives.

Not fully understanding what lay ahead of us for the summer, we once again approved Bandstand Park's annual schedule of family related events such as the Easter Egg Hunt, Burklyn Arts' annual festival, and of course the Stars & Stripes Parade and celebration. All were cancelled as the public's health and safety became our number one priority.

Despite this, the park was used for small functions that followed the COVID 19 protocols for the size of the gathering, mask usage, and social distancing. Cobleigh Library did their usual fantastic job in focusing on the well-being of our children by scheduling story walks and other fun activities.

Even with limited activities in the Bandstand Park our village public works crew did a fantastic job in keeping up the beautiful appearance of all our public spaces. We want to again thank Mary Waldon for keeping the flowers in the park as well as the flowers in the tubs along Depot Street looking so nice. During a time when we all needed to have our day brightened a bit the numerous displays of floral beauty did just that. Along this line we would also like to thank Barbara Allen for her kind generosity in helping to fund the flowers and other materials for the planters along the parking space on the south side of the Mosaic building.

Our fingers are crossed regarding the future of the Northern Vermont University campus. Last April we were all shocked to read of the planned closure of this important community asset. The strong showing of local support for its continuance was amazing and certainly had an impact on the decision by the Board of Directors to maintain the Lyndon campus.

We continued to invest in our village infrastructure by replacing a sidewalk section on Center Street and a skim coat of pavement on Williams, High, and South Streets. This work will continue in the future according to needs and budgets.

Our big project this year was of course the Vail Transmission Water Main relocation which was completed on time and under budget by Courtland Construction Corp. The relocation of an aged, and often difficult to locate, water main which ran from Rt. 122 under the river and under the interstate to the pump station near the Institute's baseball field. The new line runs along the side of College Road to the same pump station. The new line then runs from there to the west reservoir on Heath Road.

As the pandemic holds on and impacts the area's economy our budgets will be tested. We will continue to act in a fiscally responsible manner and balance the needs of our infrastructures against our budget. Let us all support local businesses to the best of our ability so that they may get through this and be here for us when life returns to a near normal time.

On behalf of the Trustees, I would like to thank you all for your ideas, suggestions, and support. A special thanks goes out to all our Village employees for their dedication, hard work, and contributions. We

would also like to thank Dawn Dwyer and her staff for the outstanding job they did with November's absentee voting process and the overall logistical challenge with the election.

Please keep yourselves and your family safe.

Respectfully,

Doug Conly

Chair, Board of Trustees

Heather Bollman, Chris Hunter, Susan Mills, Sarah Whittemore

LYNDONVILLE TRASH AND LITTERING ORDINANCE

No person shall dump, deposit or throw, or cause to be dumped, deposited, or thrown, any waste or refuse material or any bottles, glass, paper, garbage, cans or other material or noxious thing of whatever nature on any public or private lands, or on or within view of a public or private parking lot, street, sidewalk, park, or building. Any person who violates any provision of this ordinance shall be subject to a fine of one hundred dollars (\$100) (Waiver fine \$85).

No person shall haul any shavings, sawdust, slabs or rubbish of any sort in the public streets or highways or any part thereof within the corporate limits of the Village of Lyndonville unless the same shall be covered or loaded properly and secured so that it will not blow, or be strewn upon the street or highway. Any person who violates this provision shall be subject to a fine of one hundred dollars (\$100) (Waiver fine \$85).

No Village property owner shall put out, or allow to be put out any rubbish onto Village streets before the afternoon prior to regularly scheduled rubbish pick-up. Violations by tenants or owner shall result in the property owner being fined thirty dollars (\$30) (Waiver fine \$25) for each violation.

EXCERPT FROM "WINTER PARKING BAN" ORDINANCE

<u>Sec. 1.</u> No vehicle shall be left parked on any street or highway within the limits of the Village of Lyndonville between midnight and the following seven o'clock in the morning during the period from November 1st of each year to the 15th day of April of the following year unless special arrangements for parking are made with the Village Superintendent.

Sec. 2. The parking of any vehicle in violation of Section 1 of this chapter is hereby declared to be a public nuisance, and the Village Superintendent, or some other person as appointed by the Village Trustees, may remove any vehicle so parked, or cause it to be removed by towing or otherwise, at the sole expense of the owner of such vehicle, to any public garage or other place designated by the Superintendent.

The Village Ordinances can be found on the website (<u>www.lyndonvt.org</u>) or in the Village Clerk's Office.

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE MINUTES OF THE 2020 ANNUAL MEETING

The 2020 Annual Meeting of the Village of Lyndonville was held at the Municipal Office Building Conference Room Tuesday, March 17, 2020. Village Trustee, Heather Bollman, gaveled the meeting to order at 7:00 PM, thanked the seven (7) Village voters (Trustee Doug Conly attended via telephone) and three (3) non Village voters for attending the Annual Village Meeting and introduced herself to those that may not know her. Ms. Bollman then led the assembly in the Pledge of Allegiance. After a moment of silence for those who have passed in the previous year, Ms. Bollman introduced Dawn Dwyer, Village Clerk and Justin Smith, Municipal Administrator. The assembly gave permission to all non-village voters to speak if and when necessary, Ms. Bollman commenced with the reading of the Warning.

Article 1: To elect a Moderator and a Clerk.

Motion made by Susan Corbeil, seconded by Steve Gray, to nominate Sean McFeeley for the position of Moderator. There being no other nominations, Sean McFeeley was elected as Moderator by voice vote.

At this time, Moderator Sean McFeeley assumed the podium, after taking his Oath of Office, and continued with the reading of the Warning.

Motion made by Susan Corbeil, seconded by Steve Gray, to nominate Dawn Dwyer for the position of Clerk. A motion was made by Susan Corbeil, seconded by Susan Mills, to suspend the rules and read the article only once. There being no discussion, the motion was passed unanimously by voice vote.

There being no other nominations, Dawn Dwyer was elected as Clerk by voice vote.

Article 2: Shall the voters of the Village of Lyndonville vote to adopt the proposed General Fund budget for the ensuing year?

Motion made by Steve Gray, seconded by Susan Corbeil, to adopt the proposed General Fund budget in the amount of \$937,647 for the ensuring year.

Motion made by Susan Mills, seconded by Sarah Whittemore, to amend the budget by \$35,000, bringing the total up to \$972,647.

Justin Smith explained that the increase was necessary to replace the truck involved in the accident on Hill Street. With no further discussion, the amendment was adopted by voice vote.

Mr. McFeeley read the amended article and with no further discussion, Article 2 as amended was adopted by voice vote.

Article 3: Shall the voters of the Village of Lyndonville vote that taxpayers pay real property taxes to the Treasurer on or before 4:30 PM on Friday, November 6, 2020 with delinquent taxes having an eight percent penalty charged against them from the due date of November 6, 2020 at 4:30 PM, and interest charges of one percent per month for the first three months, whereafter interest rates will be one and one-half percent per month?

Motion made by Steve Gray, seconded by Susan Corbeil, to adopt Article 3. There being no discussion, Article 3 was adopted by voice vote.

Article 4: Shall the voters of the Village of Lyndonville vote to authorize the Trustees to borrow money for the Electric Department not to exceed three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) in anticipation of revenues and to execute and deliver the note or notes therefore?

Motion made by Susan Corbeil, seconded by Steve Gray, to adopt Article 4. There being no discussion, Article 4 was adopted by voice vote.

Article 5: Shall the voters of the Village of Lyndonville vote to authorize the Trustees to borrow money for the Water Department's normal expenses, not to exceed three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) in anticipation of revenues and to execute and deliver the note or notes therefore?

Motion made by Steve Gray, seconded by Susan Corbeil, to adopt Article 5. There being no discussion, Article 5 was adopted by voice vote.

Article 6: To elect the following officers as required: Treasurer; Trustee for the remaining Three of a Five-Year Term, Trustee for five (5) years, and Village Agent.

Treasurer: Motion made by Susan Corbeil, seconded by Steve Gray, to nominate Dawn Dwyer for the position of Treasurer. There being no other nominations, Dawn Dwyer was elected as Treasurer by voice vote.

Trustee for the remaining three (3) of a five (5)-year term: Motion made by Susan Mills, seconded by Steve Gray, to nominate Sarah Whittemore for the position of Trustee for the remaining three (3) of a five (5) year term. There being no other nominations, Sarah Whittemore was elected as Trustee for the remaining three (3) of a five (5) year term by voice vote.

Trustee (5 Year term): Motion made by Steve Gray, seconded by Susan Corbeil, to nominate Christopher Hunter for the position of Trustee to a Five (5) year term. There being no other nominations, Christopher Hunter was elected as Trustee to a Five (5) year term by voice vote.

Village Agent: With no nominations, the Village Agent position remains vacant. Justin Smith informed the assembly that the Trustees could appoint a Village Agent at a later date.

Article 7: Do the voters of the Village of Lyndonville desire to transact any other proper business?

Sean McFeeley advised the assembly that organizations requesting coin drops were asked not to attend unless they were Village residents attending the meeting. This was done to keep the group assembled to ten (10) or less as recommended by Governor Scott during the COVID-19 pandemic. The assembly was reminded to vote for six (6) of the eight (8) organizations listed on the ballot and leave it with Denise Montgomery on their way out.

There being no further business, Moderator Sean McFeeley adjourned the meeting at 7:14 PM by unanimous voice approval.

RESULTS OF THE COIN DROP BALLOT

KE20112 OL 1U1	C COIN DROP DALLOT
Organizations granted a coin drop;	
Lyndonville Fire Dept. Tiger Co.	6
Village Improvement Society dba Powers Pa	
Darling Inn Senior Meal Site	5
H.O.P.E. (Helping Other People Everyday)	5
Lyndon Area Food Shelf	5
Cobleigh Public Library	4
Organizations not granted a coin drop: Lyndon Youth Baseball & Softball Caledonia Special Olympics	3 2
ATTEST: A True Copy:	Heather Bollman, Trustee
	Sean McFeeley, Moderator
	Dawn R. Dwyer, Village Clerk

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE

COMBINED BALANCE SHEET - ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Unaudited)

	Governmental Fund	ntal Fund	nind Pronrietary	Fiduciany		
	Types	es	Fund Types	Fund Types	Fund Types Account Groups	
ı		Special	4		c	
	General	Revenue	Enterprise	Trust	General	
1	Funds	Funds	Funds	Funds	Fixed Assets	Total
ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS						
Cash	\$ 498,893.36	1	\$ 542,576.67	٠	· ·	\$ 1,041,470.03
Restricted Cash	1	218,800.34	1	544.83	1	219,345.17
Receivables						
Delinquent Taxes	20,694.14	ı	I	1	ı	20,694.14
Accounts Receivable	ı	r	14,898.38	ı	ı	14,898.38
Other Receivables	r	•	263.43	t	151,819.46	152,082.89
Due From Other Funds	•	•	943,984.59	1	1	943,984.59
Fixed Assets	ı	•	7,226,815.89	1	816,209.86	8,043,025.75
Pension Deferred Outflows	1	ı	ı	ı	35,770.00	35,770.00
Total Assets and						
Other Debits	\$ 519,587.50	\$ 218,800.34	\$ 8,728,538.96	\$ 544.83	\$ 1,003,799.32	\$ 10,471,270.95
LIABILITIES, EQUITY						
AND OTHER CREDITS						
Liabilities:						
Accrued Payroll	\$ 9,038.61	· ⊘	\$ 513.96	ا دی	•	\$ 9,552.57
Due to Other Funds	448,802.93	ı	230,000.00	ſ	ı	678,802.93
Bond/Note Payable	ı	ı	2,449,970.75	ı	151,819.46	2,601,790.21
Deferred Grant Revenue	1	1	1	•	•	•
Total Liabilities	457,841.54	1	2,680,484.71	1	151,819.46	3,290,145.71
Equity and Other Credits:						
Investment in						
General Fixed Assets	ı	ı	ŀ	ı	709,842.23	709,842.23
Net Pension Liability	•	•	1	1	100,477.00	100,477.00
Pension Deferred Inflows	ı	1	1	I	3,261.00	3,261.00
Retained Earnings:						
Unreserved	ı	ı	4,845,060.18	1	I	4,845,060.18
Fund Balances:						
Reserved	(62,638.45)	(152,214.57)	1,202,994.07	544.83	(64,123.08)	924,562.80
Unreserved:	124,384.41	371,014.91	ı	į	151,092.71	646,492.03
VMERS Fund Balance	1	•	1	ŧ	(48,570.00)	(48,570.00)
Total Equity and Other Credits	61,745.96	218,800.34	6,048,054.25	544.83	851,979.86	7,181,125.24
Total Liabilities,						
Equity and Other Credits	\$ 519,587.50	\$ 218,800.34	\$ 8,728,538.96	\$ 544.83	\$ 1,003,799.32	\$ 10.471.270.95

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL FIXED ASSETS ACCOUNT GROUP For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

<u>Description</u>	<u>J</u> 8	Balance anuary 1, 2020	Additions	Retirements	Dec	Balance ember 31, 2020
Highway Equipment	\$	557,403.37	\$ 197,997.00	\$ (232,397.13)	\$	523,003.24
Garage Equipment		42,455.51	· -	-		42,455.51
East Street Garage		117,032.16	-	_		117,032.16
Parks		4,833.09	₩.	-		4,833.09
Streets & Sidewalks		391,041.04	37,113.82	-		428,154.86
Swimming Pool at Powers Park		308,024.76	· -	-		308,024.76
•		1,420,789.93	235,110.82	(232,397.13)		1,423,503.62
Less: Accumulated Depreciation						(607,293.76)
Total General Fixed Assets Accou	nt G	roup			\$	816,209.86

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS ACCOUNT GROUP For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

•	Balance			Balance
<u>Description</u>	January 1, 2020	<u>Additions</u>	Retirements	December 31, 2020
Non-depreciable Property				
Land	30,002.00	-	-	30,002.00
Reservoirs	498,861.00	-	-	498,861.00
Dunn Property	44,918.09		•	44,918.09
	573,781.09	· -	-	573,781.09
Depreciable property:				
Improvements (1975)	1,020,421.75	~	-	1,020,421.75
Pinehurst line replacement	108,682.11	-	-	108,682.11
Line expan-Lyndon Corner	1,179,248.51	-	-	1,179,248.51
Utility system improvement	678,021.44	-		678,021.44
River Crossing Leak	110,510.02	-	-	110,510.02
Filter Plant	864,370.81	-	-	864,370.81
Expansion project	1,493,347.42	-	-	1,493,347.42
East Side line replacement	995,396.48	-	•	995,396.48
Water meters	20,004.24	-	_	20,004.24
Fairground Meter Vault	29,789.98	-	-	29,789.98
LSC expansion	75,000.00	-	_	75,000.00
Well development	57,133.90	-	-	57,133.90
Vail Hill Wells	27,886.74	-	-	27,886.74
Generators & Backwash	74,267.06	<u></u>	-	74,267.06
Phase #6 System Improve.	2,583,802.20	-	-	2,583,802.20
Vail Line Transmission Imp.	109,384.09	1,177,286.52	-	1,286,670.61
Other Equipment	249,446.67	-	-	249,446.67
Dry hydrants	2,691.48			2,691.48
	9,679,404.90	1,177,286.52		10,856,691.42
Total Capital Assets	10,253,185.99	1,177,286.52	-	11,430,472.51
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				(4,203,656.62)
Total Capital Assets Account Group		11		\$ 7,226,815.89

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE

GENERAL FUND DEBT RETIREMENT SCHEDULE - PRINCIPAL ONLY

	Totals	22,486.09	23,658.22	24,234.31	24,824.40	56,611.88	\$ 151,814.90
As of December 31, 2020	20 Cat Backhoe	8,961.06	6,758.69	9,949.92	10,144.49	26,185.84	\$ 65,000.00
As of Decem		ñ	3	6		4	Õ
	9 Int'l Trk	13,525.0	13,899.5	14,284.3	14,679.9	30,426.04	86,814.9
	(1						↔
	Payment due	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025-2026	

Community National Bank: Eight (8) year loan @ 2.75% with semi-annual payments due 5/18 & 11/18 Passumpsic Savings Bank: Seven (7) year loan @ 1.95% with semi-annual payments due 5/15 & 11/15

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE WATER DEBT RETIREMENT SCHEDULE - PRINCIPAL ONLY As of December 31, 2020

		Totals	79,085.82	80,417.34	81,790.33	83,206.14	84,666.15	86,171.75	87,724.44	89,325.70	90,977.12	92,680.27	1,528,124.63	\$ 2,384,169.69
USDA	(Phase 6	Contract 2)	12,375.05	12,686.36	13,005.50	13,332.67	13,668.07	14,011.90	14,364.40	14,725.74	15,096.19	15,475.95	485,720.00	\$ 624,461.83
USDA	(Phase 6	Contract 1)	14,641.05	15,046.46	15,463.08	15,891.24	16,331.25	16,783.45	17,248.16	17,725.75	18,216.56	18,720.96	572,129.56	\$ 738,197.52
USDA	(Refinanced	Loan)	16,843.49	17,458.29	18,095.51	18,756.00	19,440.60	20,150.17	20,885.65	21,647.98	22,438.14	23,257.13	392,088.90	\$ 591,061.86
ond Bank	(Well	Project)	3,866.82	3,866.82	3,866.83	3,866.82	3,866.82	3,866.82	3,866.82	3,866.82	3,866.82	3,866.82	15,467.32	\$ 54,135.53
Vermont Bond Bank	(Expansion	Project)	31,359.41	31,359.41	31,359.41	31,359.41	31,359.41	31,359.41	31,359.41	31,359.41	31,359.41	31,359.41	62,718.85	\$ 376,312.95
		Payment due	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031 - 2053	Totals

VT Bond Bank: Lyndon Heights water expansion project, at -3% interest. Annual payment of \$31,359.41 due January 1st. VT Bond Bank: Well Project, at -3% interest. Annual payment of \$3,866.82 due Sept. 1st.

USDA-Rural Development: Refinanced high interest rate bonds at 2% interest, semi-annual payments of \$39,563 due 5/15/13 to 11/15/43. USDA-Rural Development: Phase 6-Contract 1 Water Line Replacement Project, at 2.75% interest. Semi-annual payments of \$17,421 due May 15, 2013 to November 15, 2052.

USDA-Rural Development: Phase 6-Contract 2 Water Line Replacement Project, at 2.5% interest. Semi-annual payments of \$13,955 due May 1, 2014 to November 1, 2053

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED CASH For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Restricted Purpose	<u>J:</u>	Balance an. 1, 2020	Interest <u>Income</u>	<u> 4</u>	Additions	V	<u>Vithdrawals</u>	De	Balance ec. 31, 2020
New Equipment	\$	67,507.88	\$ 97.95	\$	•	\$	(49,126.66)	\$	18,479.17
Sidewalks		17,028.32	35.19				₩		17,063.51
Garage		31,109.12	65.78		_		(5,000.00)		26,174.90
Tax Stabilization Account		42,485.64	90.06		-		-		42,575.70
Health Insurance Pool		1,897.47	0.47		••				1,897.94
Sale of Morrill Lot(1984)		43,908.92	999,25				_		44,908.17
Paving		32,083.21	69.62		17,869.56		-		50,022.39
Curbing		3,618.81	7.67				-		3,626.48
Fountain		2,677.37	20.22		-		-		2,697.59
Rte. 5 Project		11,330.47	 24.02		-		_		11,354.49
Totals	\$	253,647.21	\$ 1,410.23	\$	17,869.56	\$	(54,126.66)	\$	218,800.34

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE WATER SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED CASH For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Balance	Interest			Balance
Restricted Purpose	Jan. 1, 2020	Income	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Withdrawals</u>	Dec. 31, 2020
Water - Debt Retirement	\$ 144,687.88	\$ 916.62	\$ 60,000.00	\$ -	\$ 205,604.50
Water - Water Main Savings	268,327.02	1,596.33	30,688.00	-	300,611.35
Water - Carbon Savings	36,151.06	209.75		-	36,360.81
Totals	\$ 449,165.96	\$ 2,722.70	\$ 90,688.00	\$	\$ 542,576.66

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED CASH For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Balance	Interest						Balance
Restricted Purpose	<u>J</u> :	an. 1, 2020	<u>Income</u>		<u>Additions</u>	у	<u>Vithdrawals</u>	<u>D</u>	ec. 31, 2020
New Equipment	\$	67,507.88	\$ 97.95	\$	_	\$	(49,126.66)	\$	18,479.17
Sidewalks		17,028.32	35,19		_		-		17,063.51
Garage		31,109.12	65.78		→		(5,000.00)		26,174.90
Tax Stabilization Account		42,485.64	90.06		-		-		42,575.70
Health Insurance Pool		1,897.47	0.47		_		-		1,897.94
Sale of Morrill Lot(1984)		43,908.92	999.25		-		_		44,908.17
Paving		32,083.21	69.62		17,869.56		-		50,022.39
Curbing		3,618.81	7.67				₩		3,626.48
Fountain		2,677.37	20.22		м		-		2,697.59
Rte. 5 Project		11,330.47	 24.02	_			-		11,354.49
Totals	\$	253,647.21	\$ 1,410.23	\$	17,869.56	\$	(54,126.66)	\$	218,800.34

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE WATER SCHEDULE OF RESTRICTED CASH For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Balance	Interest			Balance
Restricted Purpose	Jan. 1, 2020	Income	Additions	<u>Withdrawals</u>	Dec. 31, 2020
Water - Debt Retirement	\$ 144,687.88	\$ 916.62	\$ 60,000.00	\$ -	\$ 205,604.50
Water - Water Main Savings	268,327.02	1,596.33	30,688.00	-	300,611.35
Water - Carbon Savings	36,151.06	209.75	<u> </u>		36,360.81
Totals	\$ 449,165.96	\$ 2,722.70	\$ 90,688.00	\$	\$ 542,576.66

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE GENERAL FUND GRAND LIST - TAX RATE FIVE-YEAR COMPARISON

<u>YEAR</u>	<u>GI</u>	RAND LIST	TA	X RATE
2016	\$	693,422.00	\$	0.7011
2017	\$	695,205.00	\$	0.7173
2018	\$	697,474.00	\$	0.7423
2019	\$	690,494.00	\$	0.8398
2020	\$	696,217.00	\$	0.8324

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE WATER DEPARTMENT QUARTERLY WATER RATES

(Rates effective 2/1/19)

ERU*	\$69.00	
Plus	\$1.87 per 1,000 gallons used	

^{*}Equivalent Residential Unit (ERU) of \$69.00 per quarter is the minimum fee the Village must collect from each account to meet the fixed costs of the water system. This fee will be charged even if water has been shut off and the meter remains on the premise. (2020 Rates: ERU \$63 plus \$1.87 per 1,000 gallons used)

TOWN OF LYNDON SEWER DEPARTMENT QUARTERLY SEWER RATES

(Rates effective 2/1/21)

Base fee	\$153.00
Plus	\$8.72 per 1,000 gallons used

(2020 Rates: Base fee \$118 pus \$8.71 per 1,000 gallons)

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE GENERAL FUND GRAND LIST - TAX RATE FIVE-YEAR COMPARISON

<u>YEAR</u>	<u>G</u> J	RAND LIST	<u>TA</u>	X RATE
2016	\$	693,422.00	\$	0.7011
2017	\$	695,205.00	\$	0.7173
2018	\$	697,474.00	\$	0.7423
2019	\$	690,494.00	\$	0.8398
2020	\$	696,217.00	\$	0.8324

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE WATER DEPARTMENT QUARTERLY WATER RATES

(Rates effective 2/1/19)

ERU*	\$69.00
Plus	\$1.87 per 1,000 gallons used

^{*}Equivalent Residential Unit (ERU) of \$69.00 per quarter is the minimum fee the Village must collect from each account to meet the fixed costs of the water system. This fee will be charged even if water has been shut off and the meter remains on the premise. (2020 Rates: ERU \$63 plus \$1.87 per 1,000 gallons used)

TOWN OF LYNDON SEWER DEPARTMENT QUARTERLY SEWER RATES

(Rates effective 2/1/21)

Base fee	\$153.00	
Plus	\$8.72 per 1,000 gallons used	

(2020 Rates: Base fee \$118 pus \$8.71 per 1,000 gallons)

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE STATEMENT OF TAXES RAISED For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Cwan	A.	T	:~4	
Gran	a.	L	II S I	

Grand List:		
Village General Fund	\$ 696,217.00	
Taxes Assessed and Billed General Fund (696,217.00 x .8324) Taxes to Account For	579,531.01	\$ 579,531.01
Taxes Collected and Uncollected General Fund Taxes Collected	\$ 530,655.87	
	•	
Delinquent to Tax Collector	48,875.14	
Taxes Accounted For		<u>\$ 579,531.01</u>
2020 Equalization Study Results		
Education Grand List (from 411)		371,831,490
Equalized Education Grand List (EEGL)		384,871,530
Common Level of Appraisal (CLA)		96.61%
Coefficient of Dispersion (COD)		13.60%

To find out more about how the equalization study is conducted see "Introduction to Vermont's Equalization Study" at tax.vermont.gov/research-and-reports/reports/equalization study

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE STATEMENT OF DELINQUENT PROPERTY TAXES For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Assessment Years

Balance January 1, 2020	Total \$ 22,402.99	2020	2019 \$ 20,001.65	2018 \$ 2,401.34
Additions: Delinquent Taxes to Collector	48,875.14	48,875.14		-
•	71,278.13	48,875.14	20,001.65	2,401.34
Deductions:				
Abatements	heat	₩	₩	-
Collections	53,668.67	37,546.05	16,122,62	_
Total Deductions	53,668.67	37,546.05	16,122.62	
Balance December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 17,609,46</u>	<u>\$ 11,329.09</u>	<u>\$ 3,879,03</u>	<u>\$2,401.34</u>

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES ACTUAL COMPARED TO BUDGET GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 With Proposed Budget Figures for 2021

With Proposed Budget Figures for 2021					DDA	ADOCTED
	В	2020 UDGET	2020 ACTUAL		PROPOSED 2021 BUDGET	
REVENUES			•			
Sewers & CSO:						
Reimbursement from Town of Lyndon	\$	25,000	\$	15,135.76	\$	25,000
Sidewalks:						
Reimbursements (Town & Grants)		3,500		8,285.47		3,500
Parks:						
Village Improvement Society Reimbursement		-		**		-
Park Rent				75.00		<u> </u>
Total Parks		-		75.00		•
Police:						
State Of Vermont - Fines		1,000		600,00		1,000
Fringe Benefits:						
Water Dept. Reimbursement		38,582		26,258.57		29,274
Delinquent Taxes:						
Delinquent Tax Interest		1,000		2,326.85		1,500
Delinquent 8% Penalty		1,500		3,910.01		2,500
Total Delinquent Taxes		2,500		6,236.86		4,000
Administration:						
Permits & Licenses		150		17.00		100
L.E.D. Office Rent		9,400		9,400.00		9,588
Water Dept. Reimbursement		32,128		32,128.00		32,771
Bank Interest		1,500		2,287.46		1,500
Total Administration		43,178		43,832.46		43,959
Garage:						
Water Department Rent		18,848		18,848.00		18,548
From Savings - New Facility		5,000		5,000.00		5,000
Total Garage		23,848		23,848.00		23,548
Equipment Operations & Maintenance:		•				
Water Equip. Reimbursement		10,225		8,715.00		9,500
Vacon P/R Reimbursement - T/L		1,500		450.14		1,000
Total Equipment Operations & Maint:		11,725		9,165.14		10,500
New Equipment:		,				
Proceeds from loan		65,000		65,000.00		-
Savings New Equipment		49,120		49,126.66		-
Sale of Old Equipment		_		1,521.00		-
Insurance Claim Reimbursement		35,106	***************************************	35,106.00	<u> </u>	
Total New Equipment:		149,226		150,753.66		-
Miscellaneous: Morrill Lot Interest		-		- het		2,000
Highways:						
State Aid - Class 1		14,952		15,501.55		15,556
State Aid - Class 3		7,940		8,237.61		8,272
	16	5				

		2020		2020	PI	ROPOSED 2021
		BUDGET		ACTUAL]	BUDGET
Outside Work	- ,i	10,700	· · · · · ·	10,645,26		11,000
Parking Violations		500		450.00		500
Stormwater Connection		-		100.00		-
Project Reimbursements		2,000				
Total Highways		36,092		34,934.42		35,328
Taxes:				•		
State of Vermont - PILOT		7,000		9,036.00		
L.E.D. (In Lieu of Taxes)		31,500		32,870.09		
Property Tax Revenue		583,705		579,315.61		-
Total Taxes		622,205		621,221.70	\$	-
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	956,856	\$	940,347.04	\$ P!	178,109 ROPOSED
		2020		2020		2021
		BUDGET		ACTUAL		BUDGET
EXPENDITURES						
Sewer:	ф	22.147	άħ	10.002.20	æ	22 227
Payroll & Fixed Costs	\$	23,145	\$	12,993.38	\$	22,337
Equipment Use		1,855	-	2,386.00		2,663
Total Sewer		25,000		15,379.38		25,000
Sidewalks:				1 < 22 0 1		15.004
Payroll & Fixed Costs		17,224		16,727.04		17,224
Hired Labor & Equipment		1,000		4 907 02		1,000
Materials & Supplies		8,000		4,807.03		8,000
Total Sidewalks		26,224		21,534.07		26,224
Parks:		10,765		13,373.54		12,918
Payroll Hired Labor & Equipment		2,000		1,220.00		2,500
Materials & Supplies		7,500		4,204.74		7,000
Downtown Beautification		3,000		1,808.43		3,000
Electricity		1,600		1,362.45		1,600
Landscaping & Shrubs		1,500		-		1,500
Total Parks		26,365		21,969.16	-	28,518
Village Improvement Society-Parks:						
VIS Insurance Reimbursement		-		169.00		-
Police Department:						·
Contract with Town of Lyndon		70,767		58,400.60		45,007
Public Utilities:				00 064 40		22.000
Street Lights		22,000		22,964,49		23,000
Village Clock - Electric		550		459.78		550 1 000
Village Clock - Maintenance		1,000				1,000
Total Public Utilities		23,550		23,424.27		24,550
Fringe Benefits:				10.000 = 1		44000
Pension		14,606		12,933.74		14,838
Workers' Compensation		25,665		30,809.00		17,693
Health Insurance & Buyout		95,678		67,772.20		81,036
Unemployment Insurance		610		635.00		882

			PROPOSED
	2020	2020	2021
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	BUDGET
Uniforms	3,000	2,458.39	3,000
Safety Footwear Allowance	600	300.00	600
Paid Leave	19,136	22,980.39	19,575
Fixed Costs	1,463	1,469.60	1,777
Total Fringe Benefits	160,758	139,358.32	139,401
Administrative and Office Expense:	100,,00		,
Reimbursement for Office Overhead	48,552	48,552.00	49,524
Postage	2,500	2,007.10	2,500
Notices	1,200	513.72	1,200
Dues	900	950.00	1,000
Annual Report	500	676.00	500
Machine Maintenance	650	786.05	658
Rent	4,080	4,080.00	4,132
Legal Fees	8,000	7,540.00	1,000
Trustees' Payroll & Fixed Costs	4,441	4,440.56	4,441
Supplies	400	843.05	500
Total Administrative and Office Expense	71,223	70,388.48	65,455
Insurance:	, - ,		,
Property and Casualty	10,331	10,754.00	9,640
• •	10,007	10,1.2.770	,,,,,,,
Garage: Payroll & Fixed Costs	4,844	16,629.08	14,264
MOB Pellet Boiler Payroll & Fixed Costs	538	403.82	538
Materials & Supplies	4,000	4,495.43	4,000
Maintenance	500	322.71	500
New Lights	,	J22,71	2,000
Telephone	2,000	1,940.18	2,000
Water	250	400.80	400
New Facility	19,585	17,824.85	19,296
New Facility Lease Payment	74,655	73,909.71	73,440
Apparel	1,200	1,232.59	1,200
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,001.87	1,000
	108,572	118,161.04	118,638
Total Garage Fourier Operations & Maintenance	100,572	110,101.04	110,050
Equipment Operations & Maintenance: Payroll & Fixed Costs	16,148	26,246.51	21,530
Contracted Repairs	5,000	7,873.22	8,000
Parts and Supplies	25,000	20,366.16	20,000
Fuel	16,500	9,595.81	16,500
Lubricants	1,000	- -	1,000
Tires	2,500	2,718.94	2,500
Tire Chains	2,000	880.00	2,000
Painting & Sandblasting	4,000	-	4,000
Loan Payment - '19 International Dump Trk	15,799	15,798.60	15,799
Loan Payment - '20 Backhoe	-	-	10,804
Savings	-	_	36,286
Miscellaneous	500	-	500
Total Equip Operations & Maintenance	88,447	83,479.24	138,919
• • •			

	2020 BUDGET	2020 ACTUAL	PROPOSED 2021 BUDGET
New Equipment:			
Hand Tools	1,000	584.38	1,000
Tool Boxes	-	-	1,000
Radios	1,000	4	500
Backhoe	93,750	95,785.00	-
Truck	70,106	67,247.00	-
Miscellaneous	1,000	-	1,000
Total New Equipment	166,856	163,616.38	3,500
Materials:	•		
Salt	60,650	35,891.60	55,000
Sand	1,000	196.65	1,000
Hot Mix	2,500	1,682.20	2,500
Cold Patch	3,000	3,056.01	3,000
Sign Management Program	1,000	578.60	3,000
Calcium Chloride	1,000	60.40	1,500
Hay	250	_	200
Gravel	500	940	500
Top Soil	300	317.50	300
Culverts and Catch Basins	4,000	1,575.30	4,000
Miscellaneous	, <u>-</u>	250.00	· .
Total Materials	74,200	43,608.26	71,000
	74,200	43,000.20	71,000
Miscellaneous:	200	125.00	200
Trustee Expense	125	125,00	125
Miscellaneous		105.00	
Total Miscellaneous	325	125.00	325
Highways-Summer Class 1:	4 24 8	0.107.01	2 152
Payroll & Fixed Costs	1,615	2,125.81	2,153
Street Sweeping	1,500	1,250.00	1,500
Crack Sealing	•	2 (27 00	4,000
Drainage Basin Cleaning	3,000	2,625.00	3,000
Line Striping	7,000	1,414.78	2,000
Total Summer Class 1	13,115	7,415.59	12,653
Highways-Winter Class 1:			
Payroll & Fixed Costs	10,765	8,065.27	8,074
Hired Equipment	6,000	4,656.25	6,000
Total Winter Class 1	16,765	12,721.52	14,074
Highways-Summer Class 3:	,	•	
Payroll & Fixed Costs	17,224	15,842.85	15,609
Hired Equipment	1,000	, <u>-</u>	1,000
Street Sweeping	2,800	2,500.00	2,800
Crack Sealing	6,000	6,000.00	4,000
Drainage Basin Cleaning	15,000	8,015.38	15,000
Line Striping	5,000	3,907.77	4,000
Savings - Paving	11,716	11,716.00	36,286
		47,982.00	78,695
Total Summer Class 3	58,740	47,784.00	10,023

			PROPOSED
	2020	2020	2021
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	BUDGET
Highways-Winter Class 3: Payroll & Fixed Costs Hired Equipment	26,913 4,000	34,000.88	32,295 4,000
Total Winter Class 3 Project - Skim Coat	30,913 35,602	34,000.88 34,125.82	36,295 50,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,007,753	906,613.01	887,894
Total Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Cash on Hand at Beginning of Year	(50,897) 50,897	33,734.03 50,897.00	(709,785) <u>84,631</u>
Total Revenues and Cash on Hand Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ -	\$ 84,631.03	• •
Required from Property Taxes and PILOT	\$ -		\$ (625,154)

VILLAGE OF LYNDONVILLE STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES ACTUAL COMPARED TO BUDGET WATER FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020 With Proposed Budget Figures for 2021

•		2020 BUDGET	 2020 ACTUAL		ROPOSED 2021 BUDGET
REVENUES					
User Fees	\$	634,286	\$ 648,789.29	\$	•
Interest and Penalty		500	40.75		-
Interest Income - Banks		2,000	2,722.70		2,000
Permits		250	3,301.75		250
Meter Reading		4,224	4,224.00		4,308
Labor & Materials		3,500	2,394.27		3,000
Bond Proceeds - Vail Transmission Project		2,563,001	 1,397,165.96		1,104,533
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	3,207,761	\$ 2,058,638.72	\$	1,114,091
				PF	ROPOSED
		2020	2020		2021
]	BUDGET	 ACTUAL]	BUDGET_
EXPENDITURES					
Water Mains:					
Payroll & Fixed Costs	\$	29,066	\$ 23,603.85	\$	26,213
Equipment Use	*	3,670	2,911.00		3,135
Hired Equipment		20,000	8,205.31		15,000
Materials & Supplies		20,000	7,843.01		15,000
Electricity		67,500	65,575.88		67,500
Engineering		30,501	20,383.59		10,000
Heat - Propane		8,000	6,284.13		8,000
Curb Stop Locator		1,000	-		1,000
Security System		900	1,106.96		1,200
Water Main Savings		30,688	30,688.00		100,000
Water - Savings		60,000	60,000.00		67,385
Pump Station Maintenance		1,000	-		5,000
Well Maintenance		40,000	25,979.00		3,375
Customer Replacement Well		20,000	 e-ia	,	20,000
Total Water Mains		332,325	252,580.73		342,808
On Call:		12,945	12,935.39		12,539
Treatment Plant:	'				
Payroll & Fixed Costs		4,306	679.33		1,615
Operating Contract		64,881	63,213.84		64,566
Equipment Use		1,000	124.00		190
Hired Equipment		8,000	1,435.51		8,000
Materials & Supplies		7,500	4,466.87		7,500
Computer Maintenance		2,500	2,281.34		2,500
	21			PI	ROPOSED

	2020 BUDGET	2020 ACTUAL	2021 BUDGET
Computer Equipment	500	Sec.	500
Pagers	500	716.35	750
Building Maintenance	2,000	3,635.28	2,000
Generator Upkeep	3,000	-,	3,000
Training	2,000		2,000
Telemetering Maintenance	2,500	1,250.00	2,500
Chlorine System	2,000	1,119.46	2,000
Total Treatment Plant	100,687	78,921.98	97,121
Hydrants:			
Payroll & Fixed Costs	6,459	7,342.54	8,612
Equipment Use	1,500	1,710.00	1,802
Hired Equipment	1,500	750.00	2,000
Materials & Supplies	5,000	4,646.97	5,000
Total Hydrants	14,459	14,449.51	17,414
Water Meters:			
Payroll & Fixed Costs	6,997	7,386.60	7,536
Equipment Use	2,200	1,584.00	1,710
Materials & Supplies	16,000	21,758.72	19,000
Total Water Meters	25,197	30,729.32	28,246
Fringe Benefits: Water Dept. Share	38,582	26,258.57	29,274
Administration:			
Rail Crossing Fee	3,750	-	3,750
State Assessment	7,000	10,367.92	7,000
Administrative Costs	32,128	32,128.00	32,771
Insurance-Property and Casualty	7,572	7,572.00	7,706
Taxes	2,250	2,584.44	2,600
Bond Payment-Expansion Project	31,359	31,359.41	31,359
Bond Payment-Well Project	3,867	3,866.82	3,867
Bond Payment - Refinance	38,417	38,417.26	38,417
Bond Payment - Phase 6 Contract 1	34,842	34,842.00	34,842
Bond Payment - Phase 6 Contract 2	27,910	27,910.00	27,910
Notices	500		500
Water Reports	600	518.89	600
Supplies	300	79.49	300
Dues	410	410.00	410
Garage Rent	18,848	18,848.00	18,548
Legal	1,500	14,000,00	1,500
Audit	14,000	14,000.00	14,000
Municipal Administrator Reimbursement	21,608	20,451.00	22,471 5,000
Water Testing	3,500	3,904.25	
Total Administration	250,361	247,259.48	253,551 20,102
Broad St Vtrans Project: Engineering Savings	-	-	20,102

			PROPOSED
	2020	2020	2021
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	BUDGET
Vail Transmission Line:			
Engineering - Construction	221,900	194,756.08	40,000
Legal & Administrative	44,600	580.00	44,020
Contruction	2,060,000	1,156,902.93	1,019,933
Contingency	206,000	-	_
Total Vail Transmission Line	2,532,500	1,352,239.01	1,103,953
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,307,056	2,015,373.99	1,905,008
Revenue over/(under) Expenditures	(99,295)	\$ 43,264.73	(790,917)
Cash on Hand Beginning of Year	99,295	99,295.00	142,559
Total Revenues and Cash on Hand			
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	\$ 142,559.73	<u>\$ (648,358)</u>

Village of Lyndonville Electric Department 2020 General Manager's Year-End Report

To the Board of Trustees, Village of Lyndonville Electric Department's ratepayers, and citizens of the Village of Lyndonville.

Until this year, my endeavor as General Manager has been a relatively easy task. However, in 2020, the year of the COVID-19 pandemic, that endeavor became much more challenging. As with individuals and businesses worldwide, Lyndonville Electric Department (LED) has struggled with the ancillary effects of COVID. Work schedules and procedures adapted to our new reality, sales of electricity dipped, purchase and transportation costs increased. We had high hopes for the upcoming year, but on March 13, our world changed directions with the Governor's declaration of his Emergency Order. Within a week, the Municipal Building was closed to the general public. Daily work schedules were staggered to increase social distancing, first paper masks followed by designer masks became the fashion rage, and hand sanitizer became the perfume de jour. On the 18th of that month, the Public Utility Commission (PUC) issued a Moratorium on Disconnects effective to April 30, 2020. Seeing that we're still in the winter disconnect rule period, it wasn't a concern because surely this COVID pandemic would be under control in a couple of months. In the meantime, I began working from home, the business office hung up plastic sheeting and plexiglass sneeze shields and began an early and late shift. The Operations Department staggered line crews according to the day of the week. All the while, our uncollectables were increasing more so than they typically do in the winter. Nearing the moratorium's proposed end date, the PUC on April 23 issued its first order extending the Disconnect Moratorium to May 31. Winter disconnect rules sunset the beginning of April, and just prior, we begin encouraging our customers to develop a payment plan to settle arrearages.

Extending the moratorium another month would only put us back slightly in collections of past due accounts. While uncollectibles are increasing, on May 15, the PUC ordered their second extension of the Disconnect Moratorium to July 31, 2020. Concern was creeping in. For those of us who recount Newton's Law, "... for every force there is an opposite and equal force."

Money was flying out of our checkbook equal to the growth of our non-collectible accounts. We

realized a 100% increase in past due accounts over the same period in 2019. On July 7, a flicker of hope appeared. House Bill 966 turned into Act 137, and the Vermont Arrearage Assistance Program (VCCAP) came into being. Money from the Federal Cares Act funneled into Vermont and, as the program was structured, assisted qualifying ratepayers in paying arrearages related to a loss of income due to COVID. Through the ensuing month, the program's guidelines and website were developed, ensuring all of the money would go to helping the state's residents. After receiving training from the state, we began processing applications from ratepayers for entry into the program in August. VCAAP did not clear up all of our arrearages but greatly helped mitigate our outflow of cash and reduce the financial stress. At the writing of this correspondence, I understand there are still *some* monies left in the program, and the state is contemplating a redesign to utilize the dollars left.

On July 30, the day the Disconnect Moratorium was to end, the PUC for a third time extended the Disconnect Moratorium to September 30. At this point, VCCAP had leveled our delinquent accounts at 100% over 2019, not reducing, not increasing, but this is a posture we can tolerate at least for a while longer, just as long as matters don't get worse. On September 23, a week before the 4th Disconnect Moratorium was to expire, the PUC announced its 5th extension, thus moving the ending date to October 15. On October 8, the PUC announced that disconnects were to be allowed on the 15th, and customers could continue to apply to the VCAAP for assistance. However, the PUC announced on the 15th that before disconnects could occur, the PUC must approve a new disconnect language, effectually extending the moratorium a further two weeks into November and back onto winter disconnect rules. The new language was to inform that customers have until spring of 2021 to make payment arrangements with the LED for arrearages, among other tweaks. To ensure this was to happen, on December 22, the PUC ordered the Disconnect Moratorium reinstated until March 31, 2021.

As we close out the current year, our data shows that the Federal Government's stimulus money has worked for us. It eased a financial crisis that could have been much worse. In comparison to several prior years, in this year, fewer ratepayers owe us a slightly larger sum of money, which I interpret as the majority of customers impacted by COVID who participated in the stimulus program(s) were able to pay their bill.

Great Falls Hydro Station capital improvement continued this year by refacing another section of the forebay wall, leaving one remaining section to reface in 2021. Looking into 2022, automation of the large turbine will help squeeze more energy from the water available. After the automation installation, capital projects relating to hydro stations will be deemed complete, and future monies in lesser amounts will be spent on maintenance and upkeep. After a multi-year process, beginning in 2014, we received our new operation license for Great Falls, extending our ability to operate into 2060. Conditions of the new license are not as favorable to generation as the old license. The Vermont Agency on Natural Resources and LED negotiated that water over the dam will not fall below 62 cubic feet per second. This requirement is a considerable increase over the former condition of 10 cubic feet per second. In today's dollars, this equates to a \$140,000 loss in generation revenue. We had hoped for a more favorable number, but to keep the aquatic environment wet below the dam, this is what it's going to cost. There are additional conditions with their associated expenses we have to follow to comply with the new license, but that is a discussion beyond this report's scope.

As expected, Net Metering will see changes in the upcoming year, with two changes in its cost structure in 2021. I firmly believe renewable energy has its place in a utility's power portfolio. It is not the cheapest power, but it needs to be included for environmental reasons, but only to the amount that economics can support. I also believe that the state was proactive at the inception of net metering and reactive after that in the program's management to the detriment of utilities and their ratepayers. For examples of how net metering directly impacts daily operations at LED, let's look at a typical cycle/route computation for billing. Computing bills per cycle used to take less than a day, but now it is a two-day process due to its proportionally large number of net metering customers. The rules for net metering projects completed before January 1, 2015, are different from rules for projects completed on or after January 1, 2017, and projects completed before July 1, 2018, which are different from those completed after July 1, 2019. Those rules will change again on February 2, 2021, and then again on September 1, 2021. With each set of rules, you must consider project size, excess generation, blended residential rate if applicable, customers' membership in a Group Net Metering Projects, whether the project connects directly to our grid or are behind the meter, there are positive and negative Renewable Energy Credit (REC) adjustors, positive and negative Siting Adjustors according to Category I to IV, let's not forget the customer charge, energy efficiency charge, energy assistance program charge, on-bill

financing charge, and any equipment rental charge. These bills require much "by-hand" work, not only by us but all other municipals also. Green Mountain Power, the behemoth of electric utilities in the state, has a whole department dedicated to running the numbers by hand. We've investigated, both singularly and collectively with other municipals, software development to solve this issue and integrate it into our business software. Accomplishing this would cost an estimated \$100,000. Still, for one hundred and ninety-two net metering customers on our system, this is an overly expensive solution, so we'll keep plugging away for the time being. There is a constant within this paradigm of change, and this year that constant was a \$414,366 loss of revenue attributable to net metering. We have realized comparable amounts of loss for consecutive years. To a department our size, that amount is considerable.

A movement is afoot in Vermont's legislation known as ACT 153, Vermont Global Warming Solutions Act, which will significantly impact energy resources and future treatment. This act requires reductions in Vermont's greenhouse gas emissions (CHG) tied to three time periods: 2025, 2030, and 2050. The Act also created the Climate Council to develop a Climate Action Plan that will set forth proposed programs and strategies to meet these reductions, build resilience to climate change impacts, and require the Agency of Natural Resources to adopt rules consistent with the Council's plan. However, if ANR fails to meet the Council's benchmark, the Council is provided means to usurp ANR and engage in their own rulemaking to achieve the goals of the "Plan." My opinion is that this will lead to challenging economic times concerning Energy. Lessons from the current COVID-19 pandemic have shown that environmental quality improvements are possible when we change our energy consumption habits. Adversely, COVID-19 has shown that abrupt changes in practices contributing to a healthy economy are hazardous to human welfare. In the future, I can only hope there is a balance created between a healthy state economy that supports its residents and a means to reduce our carbon footprint significantly. This balance will be a difficult, fine line to walk.

Other topics to briefly touch upon are: Broadband, a Communication Union District (CUD) formed in Lyndonville, developing bylaws, governance structure, etc. Movement is slow at this point but will grow faster in time. Our Smart Metering Initiative (AMI) was worked on throughout the year. We are currently waiting for a cost estimate from the chosen vendor for a Lyndonville installation. Renewable Energy is always foremost in our energy planning. The

state is still tweaking Renewable Energy Standards (RES). However, in 2020, no changes were made, but in 2021 changes are being contemplated and probably will be acted upon, so we'll have to wait and see how they manifest. Barton Electric Department, our municipal neighbors to the north, and our collective attempt through Vermont Public Power Supply Authority (VPPSA) to stand them back up on their feet has been an important discussion topic throughout the year. However, Barton's Trustee decided it is in the best interest of Barton's ratepayer to sell to Vermont Electric Cooperative (VEC). VEC has taken over all construction, storm restoration, and maintenance duties for their system. It will take a positive vote from the town and years for the sale to flow through the regulatory process, so we are waiting and watching at this point.

All of the above directly impacts LED's Cost of Service, which translates into what we charge you for electricity, and as you can see by the following tables and charts, despite the COVID pandemic, LED continues to remain in the lower third of Kilowatt Hour (kWH) costs for distribution utilities in the state. We strive daily to ensure that our customers receive reliable power at the lowest possible cost. I also want to express my heartfelt gratitude to all LED employees and other Village and Town departments for their result-oriented can-do attitude, hard work, dedication, willing cooperation, and enthusiasm to solve issues encountered throughout this year.

My typical presentation of our power portfolio was a pie graft; this year, I've decided to present it differently. While we generate a small portion of energy, purchase power contracts provide us with the bulk of our energy. The following summarizes all of the major power agreements for the year 2020.

Chester Solar

Size:

4.8 MW

Fuel:

Solar

Location:

Chester, MA

• Entitlement:

29.8% (1.423 MW), PPA

Products:

Energy, capacity

End Date:

6/30/39

• Notes:

The contract does not include the environmental attributes and is listed

in the summary table as system mix.

Fitchburg Landfill

• Size:

4.5 MW

• Fuel:

Landfill Gas

• Location:

Westminster, MA

• Entitlement:

24.8%, PPA

• Products:

27,070,1171

T 1D

Energy, capacity, renewable energy credits (MA I) 12/31/31

• End Date:

• Notes:

Hydro Quebec US (HQUS)

• Size:

212 MW

• Fuel:

Hydro

• Location:

Quebec

• Entitlement:

0.284% (0.602) MW, PPA

• Products:

Energy, renewable energy credits (Quebec system mix)

• End Date:

10/31/38

Kruger Hydro

• Size:

6.7 MW

• Fuel:

Hydro

• Location:

Maine and Rhode Island

• Entitlement:

25.45% (1.730) MW, PPA

• Products:

Energy, capacity

• End Date:

12/31/37

Notes:

The Electric Department has an agreement with VPPSA to purchase unit

contingent Energy and capacity from six hydroelectric generators. The

contract does not include the environmental attributes.

McNeil Station

Size:

54 MW

• Fuel:

Wood

Location:

Burlington, Vermont

Entitlement:

3% (1.5 MW), joint-owned through VPPSA

Products:

Energy, capacity, renewable energy credits (CT Class I)

• End Date:

Life of Unit

• Notes:

As the joint-owner, VPPSA has agreements with the Electric

Department to pay for and purchase 3% of the unit's output.

New York Power Authority (NYPA)

• Size:

2,675 MW (Niagara), 1,957 MW (St. Lawrence)

• Fuel:

Hydro

• Location:

New York State

• Entitlement:

0.405 MW (Niagara PPA), 0.025 MW (St. Lawrence PPA)

• Products:

Energy, capacity, renewable energy credits (New York System Mix)

• End Date:

9/1/25 (Niagara), 4/30/2032 (St. Lawrence)

Notes:

NYPA provides hydropower to the Electric Department under two

contracts, which will be extended at the end of their term.

PUC Rule 4.100 (VEPPI Program)

Size:

Small hydro < 80 MW

• Fuel:

Hydro

• Location:

Vermont

• Entitlement:

1.06% (Statutory)

• Products:

Energy, capacity

End Date:

10/31/2020

• Notes:

The Electric Department is required to purchase hydropower from

small power producers through Vermont Electric Power Producers, Inc.

("VEPPI"), in accordance with PUC Rule #4.100. The entitlement percentage fluctuates slightly each year with the Electric Department's pro

rata share of Vermont's retail energy sales, and does not include the

renewable energy credits.

PUC Rule 4.300 (Standard Offer Program)

Size:

Small renewables, primarily solar < 2.2 MW

• Fuel:

Mostly solar, but also some wind, biogas and micro-hydro

Location:

Vermont

• Entitlement:

1.14% (Statutory)

• Products:

Energy, capacity, renewable energy credits

End Date:

Varies

Notes:

The Electric Department is required to purchase power from small

power producers through the Vermont Standard Offer Program in 2020, in accordance with PUC Rule #4,300. The entitlement percentage fluctuates

slightly each year with the Electric Department's pro rata share of

Vermont's retail energy sales.

Project 10

• Size: 40 MW

Fuel: Oil

• Location: Swanton, VT

• Entitlement: 19.6% (7.84 MW), joint-owned through VPPSA

• Products: Energy, capacity, reserves

• End Date: Life of unit

• Notes: As the joint-owner, VPPSA has agreements with the Electric Department

pay for and purchase 19.6% of the unit's output.

Ryegate

Size: 20.5 MWFuel: Wood

• Location: East Ryegate, VT

• Entitlement: 1.13% (0.232 MW), PPA

• Products: Energy, capacity, renewable energy credits (CT Class I)

• End Date: 10/31/2021

• Notes:

Seabrook 2018-22

• Size: 1,250 MW

Fuel: NuclearLocation: Seabrook, NH

• Entitlement: 3.825 MW On-Peak, 2.808 MW Off-Peak (PPA)

• Products: Energy, capacity, environmental attributes (Carbon-free nuclear)

• End Date: 12/31/2022

Notes:

Stonybrook

• Size: 352 MW

Fuel: Natural Gas, OilLocation: Ludlow, MA

Entitlement: 0.44%, (1.55 MW), PPA
Products: Energy, capacity, reserves

• End Date: Life of unit

• Notes:

Vail & Great Falls Hydro

Size:

2.4 MW

Fuel:

Hydro

• Location:

Lyndonville, VT

• Entitlement: 100%, Owned

• Products:

Energy, capacity, renewable energy credits (VT Tier I & II)

• End Date:

Life of unit

• Notes:

Market Contracts

Size:

Varies

• Fuel:

New England System Mix

• Location:

New England

• Entitlement:

Varies (PPA)

• Products:

Energy, renewable energy credits

• End Date:

Varies, less than 5 years.

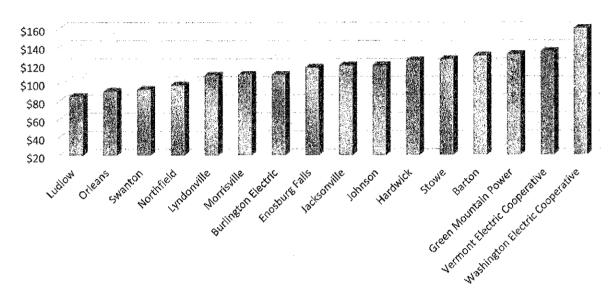
Notes:

In addition to the above resources, the Electric Department purchases

system power from various other entities under short-term (5 year or less)

agreements

2020 Ranking Based on Average Monthly Residential Bill



Vermont Distribution Utilities

Vermont Public Power Supply Authority

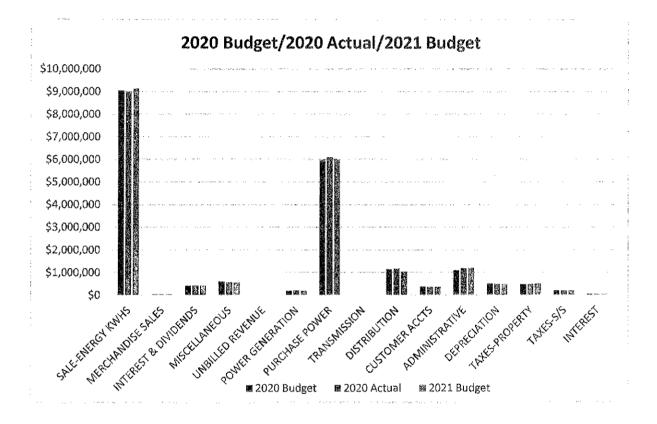
2020 Vermont Utility Rankings Based on Kilo Watts Hours Sales

		nt Utility Kankings Based on			
	kWH		kWH		kWH
Utility	200	Utility	600	Utility	1000
Ludlow	26.32	Ludlow	78.23	Ludlow	130.14
Jacksonville	28.52	Orleans	84.23	Orleans	136.72
Northfield	30.44	Swanton	86.78	Swanton	140.06
Orleans	31.75	Northfield	90.01	Northfield	149.59
Swanton	33.49	Lyndonville	100.43	Lyndonville	164.99
Morrisville	34.74	Morrisville	100.93	Burlington Electric	166.24
Lyndonville	35.87	Burlington Electric	101.5	Morrisville	167.11
Enosburg Falls	35.92	Jacksonville	107.63	Enosburg Falls	179.47
Burlington Electric	36.76	Enosburg Falls	107.69	Johnson	180.34
Hardwick	38.38	Johnson	110,79	Jacksonville	186.74
Johnson	41.24	Hardwick	114.67	Stowe	189.76
Barton	41.33	Stowe	117.08	Hardwick	190.96
Stowe	44.41	Green Mountain Power	123.25	Green Mountain Power	195.44
Vermont Electric Coop	47.38	Barton	123.65	Vermont Electric Coop	202.48
Green Mountain Power	51.06	Vermont Electric Coop	124.93	Barton	205.97
Washington Electric Coop	52.15	Washington Electric Coop	150.07	Washington Electric Coop	247.99

2020 BUDGET/2020 ACTUAL/2021 BUDGET COST OF SERVICE SHEET

	2020	2020	2021
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	BUDGET
OPERATING REVENUE			
SALE-ENERGY KWHS	9,050,164	8,966,202	9,135,423
OTHER OPERATING REVENUE			
MERCHANDISE SALES	40,000	51,984	50,000
INTEREST & DIVIDENDS	420,000	432,917	415,025
MISCELLANEOUS	607,821	566,081	550,000
UNBILLED REVENUE	<u>10,000</u>	23,927	<u> 10,000</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	10,127,985	10,041,111	10,160,448
OPERATING EXPENSES			
POWER GENERATION	197,877	210,417	199,146
PURCHASE POWER	5,945,430	6,087,251	6,005,304
TRANSMISSION	14,105	13,009	13,082
DISTRIBUTION	1,141,319	1,172,353	1,049,188
CUSTOMER ACCTS	375,174	368,257	356,136
ADMINISTRATIVE	1,095,688	1,191,301	1,193,480
DEPRECIATION	511,067	480,933	481,833
TAXES-PROPERTY	470,000	493,986	500,000
TAXES-S/S	201,603	198,310	200,800
INTEREST	<u>38,032</u>	<u>37,133</u>	<u>32,828</u>
TOTAL EXPENSES	9,990,295	10,252,950	10,031,796
INCOME OR (LOSS)	137,690	(211,839)	128,652

Cost of Services Budget to Actual Bar Chart



Respectfully Submitted,

Village of Lyndonville Electric Department

Bill Humphrey

General Manager

Village of Lyndonville Electric Department (A Component Unit of the Village of Lyndonville, Vermont)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2020

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Certified Public Accountants

Vermont License #167

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees
Village of Lyndonville Electric Department
(A Component Unit of the Village of Lyndonville, Vermont)
Lyndonville, Vermont

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Village of Lyndonville Electric Department, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Village of Lyndonville Electric Department, as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Board of Trustees
Village of Lyndonville Electric Department
Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – VMERS on page 28 and the Schedule of Contributions – VMERS on page 29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Lyndonville Electric Department's basic financial statements. The schedule of operating expenses on page 30 and 31 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of operating expenses is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of operating expenses is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Village of Lyndonville Electric Department and do not purport to, and do not present fairly the financial position of the Village of Lyndonville, Vermont, as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the changes in its financial position, or its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

St. Albans, Vermont February 10, 2021

Kittell Brange & Swent

The management of Village of Lyndonville Electric Department (the Department) offers readers of our financial statements the following narrative overview and analysis of our financial activities for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the Department's financial statements, which follow this section.

The Department maintains its accounting records in the matter prescribed by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). The Department is regulated to rates, accounting and other matters by the Public Service Board of Vermont (PSB). In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 71, Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation, the Department records certain assets and liabilities in accordance with the economic effects of the rate making process. The financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenue is recorded in the year it was earned and expenses are recorded in the year they were incurred. The basic financial statements include the statements of net position, statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and the statements of cash flows. Utility Plant in Service is stated at cost. Major expenditures for plant and those which substantially increase useful lives are capitalized. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, their costs are removed from plant, plus removal cost, less salvage.

This section of the Village of Lyndonville Electric Department's (the Department's) annual report presents a discussion and analysis of the Department's financial performance during the fiscal years that ended on December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Financial Highlights

- Operating revenues in 2020 were \$9,592,234; a decrease of \$154,912 from 2019. The 2019 total operating revenues were \$9,747,146 which was \$3,325 more than 2018 total operating revenue.
- Total operating expenses were \$10,308,770 in 2020; a decrease of \$14,159 from 2019. The 2019 total operating expenses were \$10,322,929 which was \$618,368 more than 2018 operating expenses.
- Total net position at December 31, 2020 was \$10,934,398, a decrease of \$320,752 from 2019. Net position in 2019 was \$11,255,150 as compared to 2018 net position of \$11,447,501; a decrease of \$192,351.
- Utility plant in service net of accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2020 was \$6,161,892 a \$142,287 decrease from 2019. Utility plant in service net of accumulated depreciation in 2019 was \$6,304,179 a \$97,743 increase from 2018.

Net Position

<u>)11</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Capital assets,net Current assets Noncurrent assets Deferred Outflows	\$ 6,161,892 2,483,022 4,233,632 180,356	\$ 6,304,179 3,063,137 3,885,671 196,945	\$ 6,206,436 3,821,785 3,451,892 202,950
Total Assets	\$13,058,902	\$13,449,932	\$13,683,063

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities Deferred Inflows	\$ 726,960 1,393,224 4,320	\$ 769,262 1,418,412 7,108	\$ 750,274 1,474,865 10,423
Total Liabilities	2,124,504	2,194,782	2,235,562
Invested in capital assets Restricted - future capital additions Unrestricted	5,148,239 145,558 5,640,601	5,171,102 195,295 5,888,753	4,949,604 301,846 6,196,051
Total Net Position	10,934,398	11,255,150	11,447,501
Total Net Position and Liabilities	\$ 13,058,902	\$13,449,932	\$13,683,063

Financial Highlights and Analysis

For the year ending December 31, 2020 capital assets, also known as utility plant in service decreased \$142,287. Current year additions of \$464,737 were offset by current year depreciation of \$480,933, contributions in aid of construction of \$141,458, retirements of \$14,518 and cost to retire of \$15,368. For the year ending December 31, 2019 capital assets increased \$97,743 from 2018. Additions of \$635,288 were offset by depreciation of \$495,826, contributions in aid of construction of \$55,167, retirements of \$51,293 and cost to retire of \$13,448.

Current assets in December 31, 2020 decreased \$580,115 from 2019. In 2020 cash/cash equivalents decreased \$605,396, accts receivable decreased \$33,832, unbilled revenue increased \$23,927, material and supplies increased \$27,845, prepaid expenses increased \$4,919 and other current assets increased \$2,422. In 2019 current assets decreased \$758,648 from 2018. In 2019 cash/cash equivalents decreased \$794,460, accts receivable increased \$87,548, unbilled revenue decreased \$49,306, material and supplies decreased \$4,496, prepaid expenses increased \$2,183 and other current assets decreased \$117.

In 2020 non-current assets increased \$347,961 from 2019. In 2020 Investment in an associated company increased \$408,055, restricted cash decreased \$49,737 and customer deposit decreased \$10,357. In 2019 non-current assets increased \$433,779 from 2018. In 2019 Investment in an associated company increased \$526,152, restricted cash decreased \$106,551 and customer deposit increased \$14,178.

Current liabilities in 2020 decreased \$42,302, the result of an decrease in accounts payable of \$32,818, increase current payment on long term debt of \$870 and an decrease in customer deposits of \$10,357. Current liabilities in 2019 increased \$18,988, the result of an increase in accounts payable of \$9,007, decrease current payment on long term debt of \$4,147 and an increase in customer deposits of \$14,128. Current liabilities in 2018 increased \$110,874, the result of an increase in accounts payable of \$87,991, increase current payment on long term debt of \$833 and an increase in customer deposits of \$22,049.

Non-Current liabilities in 2020 decreased \$25,185, the result of a decrease in long term debt of \$120,294 and an increase in net pension liability of \$95,109. Non-Current liabilities in 2019 decreased \$56,453, the result of a decrease in long term debt of \$119,608 and an increase in net pension liability of \$63,155.

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Department's net position totaled \$10,934,398 as of December 31, 2020, \$11,255,150 as of December 31, 2019, \$11,447,501 as of December 31, 2018. Included in the net position at December 31, 2020 and 2019 were restrictions of \$145,558 and \$195,295 for future capital additions, respectively.

Change in Net Position

The following table summarizes the changes in net position for the years ended December 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018:

	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Operating revenues Operating expenses Nonoperating revenue, net	\$ 9,592,234 10,308,770 395,784	\$ 9,747,146 10,322,929 383,432	\$ 9,743,821 9,704,561 435,653
Change in net position	(320,752)	(192,351)	474,913
Net position, beginning	11,255,150	11,447,501	10,972,588
Net position, ending	\$ 10,934,398	\$ 11,255,150	<u>\$ 11,447,501</u>

Operating revenues in 2020 were \$9,592,234, a decrease of \$154,912 from 2019. There was a decrease in electric sales to customers of \$122,464, a \$5,227 increase in customer balances written off in 2020 and an decrease in miscellaneous income of \$27,221. Operating revenues in 2019 were \$9,747,146, an increase of \$3,325 from 2018. There was a decrease in electric sales to customers of \$95,405, a \$7,016 decrease in customer balances written off in 2019 and an increase in miscellaneous income of \$91,714. Operating revenues in 2018 were \$9,743,821, a decrease of \$55,407 from 2017. The decrease was attributable to a decrease of \$94,013 in the provision for uncollectible accounts and an increase in miscellaneous income of \$23,531, there was an increase in energy sales of \$15,075. These increases offset the decrease in provision for uncollectible accounts.

Operating expenses in 2020 were \$10,308,770, a decrease of \$14,159 from 2019. In 2020, there were decreases in distribution of \$53,142, a decreases in customer accts of \$33,385, an increase administrative expenses of \$100,318, and a decrease in hydro/purchase power of \$43,974. Operating expenses in 2019 were \$10,322,929, an increase of \$618,368 from 2018. In 2019, there were increases in distribution of \$133,300, increases in customer accts and administrative expenses of \$40,270, and an increase in hydro/purchase power of \$369,357. Operating expenses in 2018 were \$9,704,561, an increase of \$224,394 from 2017. In 2018, there were increases in distribution of \$69,452, increases in customer accts and administrative expenses of \$62,361, and an increase in hydro/purchase power of \$51,815.

Capital contributions represent contributions in aid to construction that are paid by customers of the Department to construct additions to utility plant in service. For the years ended December 31, 2020, 2019 and 2018 the Department received \$141,158, \$55,167 and \$223,163 in aid to construction, respectively. Beginning in 2015 the Department began recording capital contributions as a reduction of utility plant in service.

Financial Information

Investments in Associated Company

Investments at December 31, for which there is no active market, and stated at cost.

			Value			
	Shares	Purchased	Per Share	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Velco Class B common stock	42	10/19/1972	\$100	\$ 4,200	\$ 4,200	\$ 4,200
	116	10/19/1972		11,600	11,600	11,600
	65	6/28/1979		6,500	6,500	6,500
	97	7/3/1979		9,700	9,700	9,700
	36	9/24/1984		3,600	3,600	3,600
	26	9/24/1984		2,600	2,600	2,600
	25	2/27/1987		2,500	2,500	2,500
	2,192	12/29/2004		219,200	219,200	219,200
				259,900	259,900	259,900
		- / l n / n n n n n	0400	7 700	7 700	7 700
Velco Class C common stock	77	9/13/2002	\$100	7,700	7,700	7,700
	713	5/19/2004		71,300 5,600	71,300 5,600	71,300 5,600
	56	5/19/2004		84,600	84,600	84,600
				64,600	04,000	04,000
Velco Class C preferred stock -						
Net of Return of Capital	1,102	12/31/2006	\$100	1,653	1,653	1,6 <u>53</u>
•	·					
Total Velco Stock				346,153	346,153	346,153
Transco Class A & B Units - As	signed to	VPPSA				
in 2019, 2018 and 2017:				0.050.004	0.445.570	0.500.404
Non-Specific Facilities Units				3,653,221	3,115,576	2,589,424
Transco Class A & B Units						
				1,410	131,000	131,000
Specific Facilities Units				1,410		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
TOTAL INVESTMENTS				\$4,000,784	<u>\$3,592,729</u>	\$3,066,577

Dividends in Velco Stock

The Department receives annual dividend payments on the Common and Preferred Stock investments. The dividend payment, for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 was \$55,095 and \$40,484 respectively.

Interest in Transco

The Department's interests in Vermont Transco are units owned by VPPSA, held for the benefit of Lyndonville Electric Department. To date, this includes 732,441 general membership units in Vermont Transco valued at \$7,324,410. As the owner of the units, VPPSA receives a quarterly distribution from Transco related to the investment. VPPSA uses the funds to pay the related debt service on the financing obtained to facilitate the investment purchase, and returns the excess to its members. The Department records these funds received from VPPSA as distribution income in its financial statements and the principal payment made by VPPSA on the debt service is recorded as "Other Investment". In theory, as VPPSA pays down the related debt service, the Department is growing its investment. Once VPPSA has paid the debt service in full, the Department can request the corresponding investment to be transferred to the Village of Lyndonville Electric Department. As of 2020, the Departments financial statements show an investment in others of \$3,653,221 this amount represents the portion of VPPSA's investment that has been paid through quarterly distributions.

VPPSA's financing units with Vermont Transco are noted as follows at December 31, 2020:

	A Units	B Units	Total	Value
2006	33,017	42,022	75,039	\$ 750,390
2007	96,388	122,672	219,060	2,190,600
2008	2,056	2,617	4,673	46,730
2009	22,037	28,048	50,085	500,850
2010	28,745	36,586	65,331	653,310
2012	26,269	33,434	59,703	597,030
2014	29,620	37,700	67,320	673,200
2016	25,552	32,520	58,072	580,720
2017	12,522	15,936	28,458	284,580
2017	26,062	33,171	59,233	592,330
2018	14,371	18,291	32,662	326,620
2019	5,516	7,021	12,537	125,370
2020	118	150	268	2,680
2020	9,008	11,465	20,473	204,730
	331,281	421,633	752,914	\$7,529,140

VPPSA also currently owns and holds 219,400 specific facilities units in Transco which are valued at \$2,194,000 for the benefit of the Department. These units are unique in that they were issued as a mechanism to assist the Department in paying for a specific facilities project that benefits its rate payers. The accounting for the specific facilities units is similar to the general units in that, VPPSA owns the units, receives the distribution on the investment, pays the related debt service in Transco (interest only) and then distributes the excess earnings to the Department to offset the cost that is incurring for the specific facilities project. However, the specific facilities units are slightly different in that there is no principal paid on the debt because VPPSA will only own the units for a period of 10 years and then the units will be repurchased by Vermont Transco. This ownership directly corresponds to the 10 year period that the Department is obligated to pay for the specific facilities cost of the project. The excess earnings paid to the Department related to the specific facilities investment in 2020 was \$113,598.

In addition to the specific facilities membership units owned by VPPSA, the Department owns 141 specific facilities membership units in Vermont Transco, related to the exclusive portion of the 115kv substation valued at \$1,410, which the Department receives as distribution income from VPPSA on a quarterly basis.

As of December 31, 2020 the Department has recorded in its financial statements a direct investment of \$1,410 in Vermont Transco and an investment in other of \$3,653,221 which represents the Department's interest in the general Transco membership units owned by VPPSA. In 2020, distribution income received related to the Departments direct investment was \$21,419 and excess earnings received from VPPSA related to the general membership units owned by VPPSA for the benefit of the Department totaled \$338,393.

Vermont Transco pays an average of 12.5% return on equity while the cost of financing these units mentioned above is just 6%.

Long term-debt

The following chart summarizes the Department's long-term debt for the years ended December 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018:

		2020		2019	<u>2018</u>
Long term debt: 2010 Series 5 Bond	\$	800,000	\$	880,000	\$ 965,000
N/P - Passumpsic Bank Less: Current Portion		213,653 (120,228)		253,077 (119,358)	 291,832 (123,505)
Total Long-Term Debt	<u>\$</u>	893,425	\$_	1,013,719	\$ 1,133,327

Capital Assets

The following chart summarizes capital assets and accumulated depreciation for the years ended December 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018:

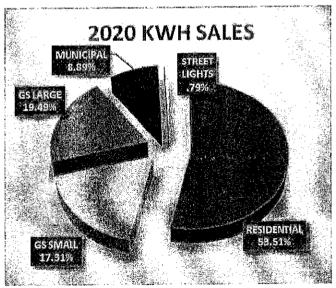
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Capital assets	\$ 18,117,157	\$ 17,808,397	\$ 17,279,569
Less accumulated depreciation	11,955,265	11,504,218	11,073,133
Total capital assets, net	\$ 6,161,892	\$ 6,304,179	\$ 6,206,436

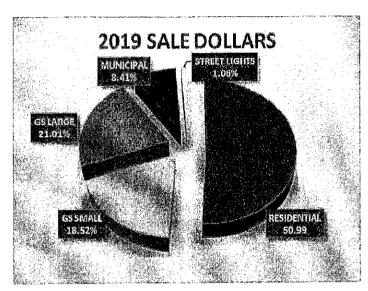
Revenue

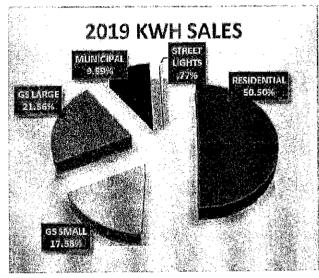
The following charts represent a breakdown of sales by customer class for the years ended December 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018. The pie chart on the left shows dollar sales by customer class while the chart on the right side shows actual KWH's sold by customer class. Percentages on each class of service are calculated before credits.

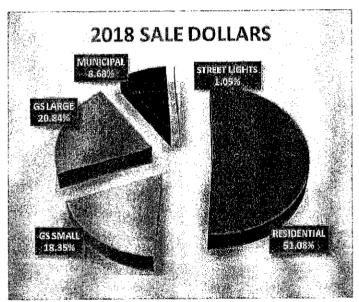
DOLLARS		2020	%	2019	<u> %</u>	2018	<u></u> %
RESIDENTAL	\$	5,045,395	53.63%	\$4,837,949	50.99%	\$4,897,505	51.08%
GS SMALL		1,689,908	17.96%	1,757,216	18.52%	1,759,512	18.35%
GS LARGE		1,848,808	19.65%	1,993,419	21.01%	1,998,402	20.84%
MUNICIPAL		724,486	7.70%	798,242	8.41%	832,351	8.68%
STREET LIGHTS		100,004	1.06%	100,297	1.06%	100,256	1.05%
EXCESS GENERATION		(305,027)	0.00%	(270,298)	0.00%	(277,678)	0.00%
SOLAR CREDIT		(105,882)	0.00%	(95,170)	0.00%	(93,288)	0.00%
WINDMILL CREDIT		(7,562)	0.00%	(9,061)	0.00%	(9,061)	0.00%
TOTAL	\$	8,990,130	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$9,112,594</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	\$9,207,999	<u>100,00%</u>
KWHS		2020	%	2019	%	2018	%
RESIDENTAL		32,187,261	53.51%	31,319,238	50.50%	31,733,021	50.61%
GS SMALL		10,410,105	17.31%	10,901,331	17.58%	10,939,259	17.45%
GS LARGE		11,723,526	19.49%	13,373,049	21.56%	13,342,974	21.28%
MUNICIPAL		5,349,248	8.89%	5,948,566	9.59%	6,210,845	9.91%
STREET LIGHTS		476,968	0.79%	477,867	0.77%	477,849	0.76%
EXCESS GENERATION		(2,129,600)	0.00%	(1,815,734)	0.00%	(1,860,994)	0.00%
SOLAR CREDIT		(2,576,614)	0.00%	(2,315,206)	0.00%	(2,229,724)	0.00%
WINDMILL CREDIT		(64,796)	0.00%	(77,640)	0.00%	(77,640)	0.00%
	-						
TOTAL		55,376,098	<u>100.00%</u>	57,811,471	<u>100.00%</u>	58,535,590	<u> 100.00%</u>

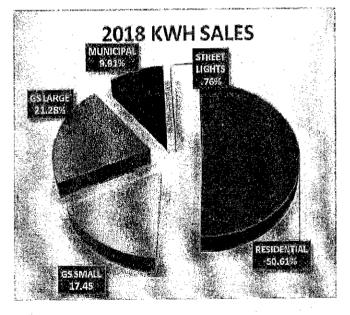








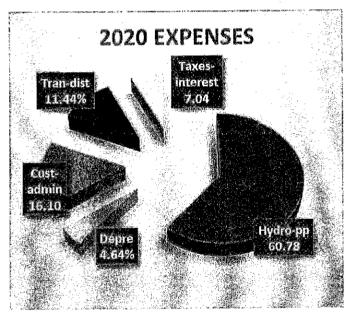


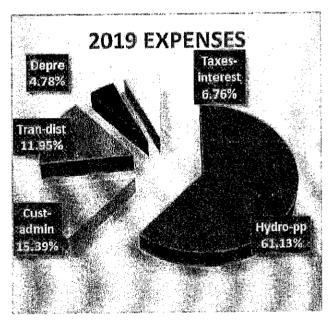


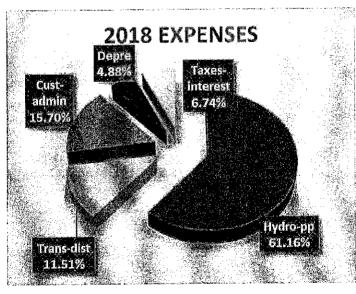
Expenses

The following chart summarizes the Department's expense for the years ended December 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018:

N 2010,	_	2020	%		2019	<u>%</u>	2018	%
Hydro-purchase power	\$	6,297,669	60.78%	\$	6,341,643	61.13%	\$5,972,286	61.16%
Transmission distribution		1,185,363	11.44%		1,239,344	11.95%	1,124,078	11.51%
Customer accts-administrat		1,668,469	16.10%		1,596,309	15.39%	1,533,083	15.70%
Depreciation-administrative		480,933	4.64%		495,826	4.78%	476,388	4.88%
Taxes-interest	_	729,430	<u>7.04</u> %		700,804	<u>6.76</u> %	659,199	<u>6.74</u> %
	\$	10,361,864	100.00%	<u>\$</u>	10,373,926	100.00%	\$9,765,034	100.00%







Village of Lyndonville Electric Department (A Component Unit of the Village of Lyndonville, Vermont) STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION December 31,

ASSETS A	ND DEFE	RRED O	JTFLOWS

ASSETS AND DELETINED OF THEOMS	2020	2019
	<u> 2020</u>	2013
CAPITAL ASSETS	e e 4e4 eee	¢ 6 204 170
Net utility plant in service	\$ 6,161,892	<u>\$ 6,304,179</u>
CURRENT ASSETS	700.00 (4 007 000
Cash and cash equivalents	722,284	1,327,680
Accounts receivable - net of allowance for		
doubtful accounts of \$30,000	802,109	835,941
Unbilled revenue	544,452	520,525
Materials, supplies and fuel stock	307,785	279,940
Prepaid expenses	87,092	82,173
Other current assets	19,300	16,878
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	2,483,022	3,063,137
TOTAL GOUNTING AGGLTO		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Investments in associated company	4,000,784	3,592,729
Restricted cash	145,558	195,295
	87,290	97,647
Customer cash deposit	4,233,632	3,885,671
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
PERFECTOR OF THE OWN	180,356	196,945
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
TOTAL ABOUTTO	\$ 13,058,902	\$ 13,449,932
TOTAL ASSETS	<u> </u>	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITIO	N	
		
CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$ 519,442	\$ 552,257
Accounts payable	120,228	119,358
Current portion of long-term debt	87,290	97,647
Customer deposits	726,960	769,262
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	726,960	100,202
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES	893,425	1,013,719
Long-term debt, excluding current installments	•	404,693
Net pension liability	499,799	
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, net of current portion	1,393,224	1,418,412
	4 200	7,108
DEFERRED INFLOWS	4,320	7,100
NET POSITION	5,148,239	5,171,102
Net investment in capital assets		
Restricted - future capital additions	145,558	195,295 5,888,753
Unrestricted	5,640,601	5,888,753
TOTAL NET POSITION	10,934,398	11,255,150
	6.40.050.000	φ 40 440 000
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION	\$ 13,058,902	<u>\$ 13,449,932</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

Village of Lyndonville Electric Department (A Component Unit of the Village of Lyndonville, Vermont) STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended December 31,

	<u>20</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>2019</u>
OPERATING REVENUES Electric sales to customers Miscellaneous income Provision for uncollectible accounts	\$ 8,990,1 618,0 (15,9	65	9,112,594 645,286 (10,734)
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	9,592,2	.34	9,747,146
OPERATING EXPENSES Operation, maintenance, and general and			
administrative expenses	9,135,5	40	9,166,562
Depreciation	480,9	133	495,826
Taxes	692,2	.97	660,541
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	10,308,7	70	10,322,929
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	(716,5	<u>36</u>)	(575,783)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)			
Investment income	432,9	17	423,695
Interest expense	(37,1	33)	(40,263)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE)	395,7	<u>′84</u>	383,432
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(320,7	′52)	(192,351)
NET POSITION, Beginning of Year	11,255,	50	11,447,501
NET POSITION, End of Year	\$ 10,934,3	<u> 398</u>	\$ 11,255,15 <u>0</u>

Village of Lyndonville Electric Department (A Component Unit of the Village of Lyndonville, Vermont) STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31,

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts: Electric sales to customers	\$ 8,956,229	\$ 9,068,114
Miscellaneous	610,724	643,220
Payments made for:	/7 OAR 149\	(6,992,898)
Power production, transmission, and purchase power Outside services and other general expenses	(7,046,148) (1,172,353)	(1,225,495)
Others and employees	(1,543,601)	(1,519,730)
NET CASH (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(195,149)	(26,789)
CARLELOWS FROM CARITAL AND RELATED		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditures, net	(338,646)	(593,570)
OACH ELOMO EDOM INIVECTINO ACTIVITIES		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (Increase) in investment in others	(408,055)	(526,152)
Investment income	432,917	423,695
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	24,862	(102,457)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(119,424)	(123,754)
Principal payments Interest paid	(37,133)	(40,263)
NET CASH (USED) BY NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(156,557)	(164,017)
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH	(665,490)	(886,833)
CASH - Beginning of Year	1,620,622	2,507,455
CASH - End of Year	\$ 955,132	<u>\$ 1,620,622</u>

Village of Lyndonville Electric Department (A Component Unit of the Village of Lyndonville, Vermont) STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31,

		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities			
Operating loss	\$	(716,536) \$	(575,783)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net			
cash provided by operations:			
Depreciation		480,933	495,826
(Increase) decrease in:			
Accounts receivable		33,832	(87,548)
Unbilled revenue		(23,927)	49,306
Materials, supplies, and fuel stock		(27,845)	4,496
Prepaid expenses		(4,919)	(2,183)
Other current assets		(2,422)	117
Deferred outflows		16,589	6,005
Increase (decrease) in:			
Accounts payable		(32,815)	9,007
Customer deposits liability		(10,357)	14,128
Net pension liability		95,106	63,155
Deferred inflows		(2,788)	(3,315)
Total adjustments		521,387	548,994
NET CASH (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(195,149) \$	(26,789)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Lyndonville Electric Department (the Department) is a municipal utility providing retail electric power to Lyndonville, Vermont and surrounding towns. The Department is a component unit of the Village of Lyndonville, Vermont (the Village) whose board of trustees oversees the operations of the Department, and the Village is liable for the debt of the Department. The Department maintains its accounting records in the manner prescribed by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). The Department is regulated as to rates, accounting, and other matters, by the Public Service Board of Vermont (PSB). In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 71, Accounting for the Effects of Certain Types of Regulation, the Department records certain assets and liabilities in accordance with the economic effects of the rate making process.

In accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, the Department applies all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements as well as all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 to the extent these pronouncements do not conflict with GASB pronouncements.

Reporting Entity

The Electric Light Department is a fund of the Village of Lyndonville, Vermont. It is categorized as a separate proprietary fund and these financial statements are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations and the cash flows of the proprietary fund types of the Village of Lyndonville, Vermont. The primary criteria used in determining the separate nature of the Electric Light Department is its special accounting and report practices required by various regulatory authorities.

Basis of Presentation

The department's fund is an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are proprietary funds used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets or utility plant in service is stated at cost. Major expenditures for plant and those which substantially increase useful lives are capitalized. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, their costs are removed from plant, and such costs, plus removal cost, less salvage, are charged against accumulated depreciation.

The Department provides for depreciation of utility plant in service using annual rates to amortize the cost of depreciable assets over their estimated useful lives, which range from five to sixty-three years. The Department uses the straight-line method of depreciation. The depreciable lives of utility plant in service are as follows:

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

	Lives
Production plant	33 - 63 years
Transmission plant	33 - 44 years
Distribution plant	25 - 57 years
General plant	5 - 40 years

Investments in Associated Company

The Department follows the cost method of accounting for its minority ownership interest in Vermont Electric Power Company, Inc. (VELCO). VELCO owns and operates a transmission system in the State of Vermont over which bulk power is delivered to all electric utilities in the State of Vermont. Under a Power Transmission Contract with the State of Vermont, VELCO bills all costs, including amortization of its debt and a fixed return on equity, to the State of Vermont and others using the system. In addition, the Department accounts for its share of Vt. Transco, LLC as described in Note 3.

Cash and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Department considers all highly liquid investments, including restricted cash assets, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Note 3.

Unbilled Revenue

The Department records revenue from sales of electricity in the month service is rendered. The Department records unbilled revenue for the amount of electricity used from the last meter reading date to the end of the year.

Materials, Supplies, and Fuel Stock

Materials, supplies, and fuel stock are valued at the lower of cost or market under the average cost method of valuation.

Contributions in Aid of Construction

The Department follows FERC accounting guidelines, except as otherwise allowed or prescribed by its state regulator, the PSB. In accordance with state regulatory requirements, contributions in aid of construction consist of amounts paid by customers of the Department to construct additions to utility plant in service. These additions provide these customers with access to the Department's existing plant in service. During 2020 and 2019, the Department reported \$141,458 and \$55,167, respectively, of capital contributions as a reduction of utility plant in service.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Amortization

The Department follows the policy of charging to operating expenses annual amounts of amortization which allocate the cost of various deferred charges over periods established for ratemaking purposes. The Department employs the straight-line method for determining the annual charge for amortization.

Taxes

As a component unit of the Village, the Department is exempt from Federal income taxes on income pursuant to Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code.

The Department pays both property and weatherization taxes each year. Property taxes represent amounts paid by the Department to towns based upon the assessed value of the land owned by the Department in each town the Department services. Weatherization taxes are paid directly to the State of Vermont on a quarterly basis as a percentage of sales to assist in weatherization needs of low income Vermonters.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are defined as revenue received from the sale of electricity to retail customers. In addition, it includes fees for changing, connecting, or disconnecting service.

Operating expenses are defined as the ordinary costs and expenses of the Department for the operation, maintenance, and repair of the electric plant. Operating expenses include the cost of production by the Department's owned generating facilities, purchased power, system control and load dispatch, maintenance of transmission and distribution systems, customer accounting and service expenses, administrative and general expenses, and depreciation and amortization. All other expenses are considered non-operating.

Non-operating revenues are defined as revenue received from sources other than the sale of electricity. Non-operating revenues include investment income.

Revenues are billed monthly based on billing rates authorized by the PSB which are applied to customers' consumption of electricity.

Restricted Net Position

Net position is restricted when constraints are placed on them externally. When both restricted and non-restricted resources are available for use, it is the Department's policy to use unrestricted assets first with restricted resources utilized as needed.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the valuation allowances for receivables and the valuation of unbilled revenue. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 CAPITAL ASSETS – UTILITY PLANT IN SERVICE

An analysis of utility plant in service at December 31,:

	2019	Additions	Disposals	2020
Utility Plant in Service:				
Land - Non-depreciable	\$ 216,819	\$ 56	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 216,875
Total	216,819	56	-	216,875
Production Plant	4,120,573	187,867	-	4,308,440
Transmission Plant	3,093,655	-	-	3,093,655
Distribution Plant	8,378,766	276,813	(155,976)	8,499,603
General Plant	1,998,584	-	_	1,998,584
Depreciable Operating	17,591,578	464,680	(155,976)	17,900,282
Total	17,808,397	464,736	(155,976)	18,117,157
Accumulated Depreciation:				
Production Plant	1,930,168	67,987	-	1,998,155
Transmission Plant	1,438,024	90,390	-	1,528,414
Distribution Plant	6,441,988	248,416	(29,886)	6,660,518
General Plant	1,694,038	74,140		<u>1,768,178</u>
Total	11,504,218	480,933	(29,886)	11,955,265
Net Utility Plant in Service	\$6,304,179	<u>\$ (16,197</u>)	<u>\$ (126,090</u>)	\$6,161,892

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Department's deposits may not be recovered. The deposits in Community National Bank which are in excess of the insured amount are collateralized up to \$2,500,000 by FHLB Boston. The bank deposits at December 31, 2020 were \$1,567,294, of which \$506,011 was insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation (FDIC) and \$1,061,283 was collateralized. The book deposits at December 31, 2020 were \$955,132 which were collateralized at December 31, 2020.

Investments represent VELCO stock and VELCO, LLC units. The investments are carried at cost which is estimated fair market value. These investments are not publicly traded on an active market. VT, Transco, LLC units are held by VPPSA on behalf of the Department.

The balance at December 31, was:

	2020	<u>2019</u>
Velco Class C preferred stock - Net of Return Capital Velco Class B common stock - 2,659 shares in 2020 Velco Class C common stock - 846 shares in 2020	\$ 1,653 259,900 84,600	\$ 1,653 259,900 84,600
Total Velco Stock	346,153	<u>346,153</u>
Transco Class A & B Units - Assigned to VPPSA in 2020.	3,654,631	3,246,576
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	\$4,000,784	\$3,592,729

NOTE 4 RETIREMENT - VMERS

Information Required Under GASB Statement No. 68

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions requires employers participating in a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan to recognize their proportional share of total pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense. The schedules below have been prepared to provide Village of Lyndonville Electric Department's proportional share of the overall amounts of the VMERS plan. Village of Lyndonville Electric Department's portion has been allocated based on Village of Lyndonville Electric Department's proportional share of employer contributions to the total contributions to VMERS during the fiscal year.

NOTE 4 RETIREMENT - VMERS (continued)

Schedule A – Employers' Allocation as of June 30, 2018

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018						
						Net Pension	Net Pension
				Total	Total	Liability 1%	Liability 1%
[Employer	Employer	Net Pension	Deferred	Deferred	Decrease	Decrease
Co	ntributions	Proportion	Liability	Outflows	Inflows	(6.95% Disc Rate)	(8.95% Disc Rate)
\$	50,389	0.28770%	\$ 404,693	\$ 140,565	\$ 7,108	\$ 685,457	\$ 176,352

Schedule B - Employers' Allocation as of June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019						
					Net Pension	Net Pension
			Total	Total	Liability 1%	Liability 1%
Employer	Employer	Net Pension	Deferred	Deferred	Decrease	Decrease
Contributions	Proportion	Liability	Outflows	Inflows	(6.50% Disc Rate)	(8.50% Disc Rate)
\$ 55,351	0.28808%	\$ 499,799	\$ 123,439	\$ 4,320	\$ 819,594	\$ 235,067

Schedule C – Employers' Allocation of Pension Amounts as of June 30, 2019

	Deferred Outflows of Resources							
						Changes in		
						Proportional		
					Difference	Share of		
		Difference			Between	Contributions		
		Between			Projected	and		
	Net	Expected			and Actual	Proportionate	Total	
Employer	Pension	and Actual	Changes in	Changes in	Investment	Share of	Deferred	
Proportion	Liability	Experience	Assumptions	Benefits	Earnings	Contributions	Outflows	
0.28808%	\$ 499,799	\$ 64,754	\$ 16,687	\$ -	\$ 34,042	\$ 7,956	\$123,439	

NOTE 4 RETIREMENT – VMERS (continued)

	Deferred inflows of Resources							
				Changes in	·			
				Proportion and				
				Differences				
1				Between				
			Difference	Employer				
Difference			Between	Contributions				
Between			Projected	and				
Expected			and Actual	Proportionate	Total			
and Actual	Changes in	Changes in	Investment	Share of	Deferred			
Experience	Assumptions	Benefits	Earnings	Contributions	Inflows			
\$ 4,320	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ 4,320			

	Net Amortization of Deferred			
	Amounts from Changes in			
Proportionate	Proportion and Differences			
Share of	Between Employer			
Pension Plan	Contributions and Proportionate			
Expense	Share of Contributions	Total		
\$ 159,292	\$ 5,506	\$164,798		

Schedule D – Employers' Allocation of Recognition of Deferred Outflows/Inflows as of June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,										
2020		2021		2022		2023		2024		Thereafter
\$ 47,868	\$	27,127	\$	27,379	\$	16,745	\$		-	\$ -

Schedule E – Contribution History for Fiscal Years 2017-2019

FY 2019		F	Y 2018	FY 2017			
\$	55,351	\$	50,389	\$	46,036		

The schedule of employer allocations and schedule of pension amounts by employer are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System (VMERS) or its participating employers. VMERS does not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance & Management website at:

http://finance.vermont.gov/reports and publications/cafr

NOTE 4 RETIREMENT - VMERS (continued)

The Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the State Treasurer and its Board of Trustees. It is designed for school districts and other municipal employees that work on a regular basis and also includes employees of museums and libraries if at least half of that institution's operating expenses are met by municipal funds. An employee of any employer that becomes affiliated with the system may join at that time or at any time thereafter. Any employee hired subsequent to the effective participation date of their employer who meets the minimum hourly requirements is required to join the system. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the retirement system consisted of 379 participating employers.

The plan was established effective July 1, 1975, and is governed by Title 24, V.S.A. Chapter 125.

The general administration and responsibility for formulating administrative policy and procedures of the retirement System for its members and their beneficiaries is vested in the Board of Trustees consisting of five members. They are the State Treasurer, two employee representatives elected by the membership of the system, and two employer representatives - one elected by the governing bodies of participating employers of the system, and one selected by the Governor from a list of four nominees. The list of four nominees is jointly submitted by the Vermont League of Cities and Towns and the Vermont School Boards Association.

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service.

Summary of System Provisions

Membership

Full time employees of participating municipalities. Municipality elects coverage under Groups A, B, C or

D provisions.

Service as a member plus purchased service. Creditable service

Group A - average annual compensation during Average Final Compensation (AFC) highest 5 consecutive years.

Groups B and C – average annual compensation

during highest 3 consecutive years.

Group D - average annual compensation during highest 2 consecutive years.

NOTE 4 RETIREMENT - VMERS (continued)

Service Retirement Allowance

Eligibility

Group A - The earlier of age 65 with 5 years of

service or age 55 with 35 years of service.

Group B - The earlier of age 62 with 5 years of

service or age 55 with 30 years of service.

Groups C and D – Age 55 with 5 years of service.

Amount

Group A - 1.4% of AFC x service

Group B – 1.7% of AFC x service as Group B member plus percentage earned as Group A member x AFC

Group C - 2.5% of AFC x service as a Group C member plus percentage earned as a Group A or B

member x AFC

Group D - 2.5% of AFC x service as a Group D member plus percentage earned as a Group A, B or C

member x AFC

Maximum benefit is 60% of AFC for Groups A and B and 50% of AFC for Groups C and D. The above amounts include the portion of the allowance provided

by member contributions.

Early Retirement Allowance

Eligibility

Age 55 with 5 years of service for Groups A and B;

age 50 with 20 years of service for Group D.

Amount

Normal allowance based on service and AFC at early retirement, reduced by 6% for each year commencement precedes Normal Retirement Age for Group A and B member, and payable without

reduction to Group D members.

Vested Retirement Allowance

Eligibility

5 years of service.

Amount

Allowance beginning at normal retirement age based on AFC and service at termination. The AFC is to be adjusted annually by one-half of the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index, subject to the limits on "Post-Retirement Adjustments" described below.

NOTE 4 RETIREMENT - VMERS (continued)

Disability Retirement Allowance

Eligibility

5 years of service and disability as determined by

Retirement Board.

Amount

Immediate allowance based on AFC and service to date of disability; children's benefit of 10% of AFC payable to up to three minor children (or children up to age 23 if enrolled in full-time studies) of a disabled

Group D member.

Death Benefit

Eligibility

Death after 5 years of service.

Amount

For Groups A, B and C, reduced early retirement allowance under 100% survivor option commencing immediately or, if greater, survivor's benefit under disability annuity computed as a date of death. For Group D, 70% of the unreduced accrued benefit plus children's benefit.

Optional Benefit and Death after Retirement

For Groups A, B and C, lifetime allowance or actuarially equivalent 50% or 100% joint or survivor allowance with refund of contribution guarantee. For Group D, lifetime allowance or 70% contingent

annuitant option with no reduction.

Refund of Contribution

Upon termination, if the member so elects or if no

other benefit is payable, the member's accumulated

contributions are refunded.

Post-Retirement Adjustments

Allowance in payment for at least one year increased on each January 1 by one-half of the percentage

increase in consumer price index but not more than

2% for Group A and 3% for Groups B, C and D.

Retirement Stipend

\$25 per month payable at the option of the Board of

retirees.

NOTE 4 RETIREMENT - VMERS (continued)

Member Contributions	Group	Effective 7/1/19	For the Fiscal year ended 6/30/19
	Group A Group B Group C Group D	2.750% 5.125% 10.250% 11.600%	2.625% 5.000% 10.125% 11.475%
Employer			For the Fiscal
Contributions	Group	Effective 7/1/19	year ended 6/30/19
	Group A Group B Group C Group D	4.250% 5.750% 7.500% 10.100%	4.125% 5.625% 7.375% 9.975%

Significant Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Interest Rate: 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

Salary Increases: 5% per year

Mortality:

Death in active service:

Groups A, B and C – 98% of RP-2006 blended 60% Blue Collar Employee, 40% Healthy Employee with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017

Group D - RP-2006 Blue Collar Annuitant Table with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017

Healthy Post-retirement:

Groups A, B and C – 98% of RP-2006 Mortality Table, blended 60% Blue Collar Annuitant and 40% Healthy Employee Annuitant with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017

Group D – 100% of RP-2006 Blue Collar Annuitant Table with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017

Disabled Post-retirement:

All Groups - RP-2006 Disabled Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017

Spouse's Age: Females three years younger than males.

NOTE 4 RETIREMENT - VMERS (continued)

Cost-of-Living Adjustments: 1.15% for Group A members and 1.30% for Group B, C and D members. The January 1, 2019 and January 1, 2020 COLAs are 1.30% and .80%, respectively, for all groups.

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Entry Age is the age at date of employment or, if date is unknown, current age minus years of service. Normal Cost and Actuarial Accrued Liability are calculated on an individual basis and are allocated by salary, with Normal Cost determined using the plan of benefits applicable to each participant.

Assets: The valuation is based on the market value of assets as of the valuation date, as provided by the system. The system uses an "actuarial value of assets" that differs from market value to gradually reflect year-to-year changes in the market value of assets in determine the contribution requirements.

Inflation: 2.50%

Long-term expected rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	29.00%	6.90%
US Equity - Large Cap	4.00%	5.94%
US Equity - Small/Mid Cap	3.00%	6.72%
Non- US Equity-Large Cap	5.00%	6.81%
Non- US Equity-Small Cap	2.00%	7.31%
Emerging Markets Debt	4.00%	4.26%
Core Bonds	14.00%	1.79%
Non-Core Bonds	6.00%	3.22%
Short Quality Credit	5.00%	1.81%
Private Credit	5.00%	6.00%
US Tips	3.00%	1.45%
Core Real Estate	5.00%	4.26%
Non-Core Real Estate	3.00%	5.76%
Private Equity	10.00%	10.81%
Infrastructure/Farmland	2.00%	4.89%

NOTE 4 RETIREMENT - VMERS (continued)

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. In accordance with paragraph 29 of GASB 68, professional judgement was applied to determine that the System's projected fiduciary net position exceeds projected benefit payments for current active and inactive members for all years. The analysis was based on the expectation that employers will continue to contribute at the rates set by the Board, which exceeds the actuarially determined contribution, which is comprised on an employer normal cost payment and a payment to reduce the unfunded liability to zero by June 30, 2038. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (6.50%) or one percent higher (8.50%):

Γ	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)		
ľ	\$ 819,594	\$ 499,799	\$ 235,067		

NOTE 5 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

All non-unionized employees are eligible to participate in a money purchase retirement plan. Participants are eligible under this plan after 1 year of service and upon attaining age 21. The contribution rate for the employer under this plan is 10%, with no required contribution rate on behalf of the employee.

Pension expense which equaled the annual required contribution for the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 was \$44,715 and \$42,948, respectively.

NOTE 6	NOTES AND BONDS PAYABLE	2020	<u>2019</u>
	2010 Vermont Municipal Bank Bond payable to US Bank, requiring annual principal repayments ranging from \$80,000 to \$85,000 plus interest rates per annum ranging from .777% to 3.546% over the 20 year life of the bond. Matures in December, 2030	\$ \$ 800,000	\$ 880,000
	Note payable to Passumpsic Bank, requiring monthly payments of \$3,715 including fixed interest at 2.19% Matures in March, 2026	213,653	253,077
	Less Current Portion:	 1,013,653 (120,228)	 1,133,077 (119,358)

893,425

\$ 1,013,719

NOTE 6 NOTES AND BONDS PAYABLE (continued)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principle and interest, for long-term as of December 31, 2020 are as follows:

For the years then ended	Pri	Principal Interest		Total		
2021	\$	\$ 120,228		31,180	\$	151,408
2022		121,118		27,819		148,937
2023		122,028		24,438		146,466
2024		122,957		21,038		143,995
2025		123,908		17,506		141,414
2026-2030		403,414		42,575		445,989
	\$ 1,	013,653	\$	164,556	\$	1,178,209

NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS

Village of Lyndonville Electric Department (the Electric Department) is a member of the Vermont Public Power Supply Authority ("VPPSA"). The Electric Department pays a proportionate share of VPPSA's operating costs and holds a seat on the VPPSA Board of Directors.

Central Dispatch Agreement

The Electric Department has entered into a Central Dispatch Agreement (CDA) with VPPSA for the economic dispatch of its generating sources. Under the CDA, the Electric Department authorizes VPPSA to act as its billing agent with regard to its generating sources and transmission providers. VPPSA continues to provide dispatch services to the Electric Department under the terms of the CDA between the Electric Department and VPPSA dated 8/9/2001.

Power Supply Resources

The energy sold through the Village Electric Department is obtained from a combination of sources. While some energy is generated by the Electric Department, most is provided by other sources through power purchase contracts. The following section summarizes all of the major power agreements as of December 31, 2020.

Chester Solar

Size: 4.8 MWFuel: Solar

Location: Chester, MA

Entitlement: 29.8% (1.423 MW), PPA

Products: Energy, capacity

NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS (continued)

End Date:

6/30/39

Notes:

The contract does not include the environmental attributes and is listed

in the summary table as system mix.

Fitchburg Landfill

Size:

4.5 MW

Fuel:

Landfill Gas

Location:

Westminster, MA

Entitlement:

24.8%, PPA

Products:

Energy, capacity, renewable energy credits (MAI)

End Date:

12/31/31

Hydro Quebec US (HQUS)

Size:

212 MW

Fuel:

Hydro

Location:

Quebec

Entitlement:

0.284% (0.602) MW, PPA

Products:

Energy, renewable energy credits (Quebec system mix)

End Date:

10/31/38

Kruger Hydro

Size:

6.7 MW

Fuel:

Hvdro

Location:

Maine and Rhode Island

Entitlement:

25.45% (1.730) MW, PPA

Products:

Energy, capacity

End Date:

12/31/37

Notes:

The Electric Department has an agreement with VPPSA to purchase

unit contingent energy and capacity from six hydroelectric generators. The contract does not include the environmental attributes and is listed

as system mix in the summary table.

McNeil Station

Size:

54 MW

Fuel:

Wood

Location:

Burlington, Vermont

Entitlement:

3% (1.5 MW), joint-owned through VPPSA

Products:

Energy, capacity, renewable energy credits (CT Class I)

End Date:

Life of Unit

Notes:

As the joint-owner, VPPSA has agreements with the Electric

Department to pay for and purchase 3% of the unit's output.

NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS (continued)

New York Power Authority (NYPA)

Size:

2,675 MW (Niagara), 1,957 MW (St. Lawrence)

Fuel:

Hvdro

Location:

New York State

• Entitlement:

0.405 MW (Niagara PPA), 0.025 MW (St. Lawrence PPA)

Products:

Energy, capacity, renewable energy credits (New York System Mix)

End Date:

9/1/25 (Niagara), 4/30/2032 (St. Lawrence)

Notes:

NYPA provides hydro power to the Electric Department under two

contracts, which will be extended at the end of their term.

PUC Rule 4.100 (VEPPI Program)

Size:

Small hydro < 80 MW

Fuel:

Hydro

Location:

Vermont

Entitlement:

1.06% (Statutory)

• Products:

Energy, capacity

End Date:

10/31/2020

Notes:

The Electric Department is required to purchase hydro power from small power producers through Vermont Electric Power Producers, Inc. ("VEPPI"), in accordance with PUC Rule #4.100. The entitlement percentage fluctuates slightly each year with the Electric Department's pro rata share of Vermont's retail energy sales, and does not include

the renewable energy credits.

PUC Rule 4.300 (Standard Offer Program)

Size:

Small renewables, primarily solar < 2.2 MW

Fuel:

Mostly solar, but also some wind, biogas and micro-hydro

Location:

Vermont

Entitlement:

1.14% (Statutory)

Products:

Energy, capacity, renewable energy credits

End Date:

Varies

Notes:

The Electric Department is required to purchase power from small power producers through the Vermont Standard Offer Program in 2020, in accordance with PUC Rule #4.300. The entitlement percentage fluctuates slightly each year with the Electric Department's

pro rata share of Vermont's retail energy sales.

NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS (continued)

Project 10

Size:

40 MW

• Fuel:

Oil

Location:

Swanton, VT

Entitlement:

19.6% (7.84 MW), joint-owned through VPPSA

Products:

Energy, capacity, reserves

End Date:

Life of unit

Notes:

As the joint-owner, VPPSA has agreements with the Electric

Department pay for and purchase 19.6% of the unit's output.

Ryegate

Size:

20.5 MW

Fuel:

Wood

Location:

East Ryegate, VT

• Entitlement:

1.13% (0.232 MW), PPA

Products:

Energy, capacity, renewable energy credits (CT Class I)

End Date:

10/31/2021

Seabrook 2018-22

Size:

1,250 MW

• Fuel:

Nuclear

Location:

East Ryegate, VT

Entitlement:

3.825 MW On-Peak, 2.808 MW Off-Peak (PPA)

Products:

Energy, capacity, environmental attributes (Carbon-free nuclear)

End Date:

12/31/2022

Stonybrook

Size:

352 MW

Fuel:

Natural Gas, Oil

Location:

Ludlow, MA

Entitlement:

0.44%, (1.55 MW), PPA

Products:

Energy, capacity, reserves

End Date:

Life of unit

Vail & Great Falls Hydro

Size:

2.4 MW

Fuel:

Hydro

Location:

Lyndonville, VT

• Entitlement:

100%, Owned

Products:

Energy, capacity, renewable energy credits (VT Tier I & II)

End Date:

Life of unit

NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS (continued)

Wyman 4

• Size: 619 MW

• Fuel: Oil

Location: Yarmouth, MEEntitlement: 0.204 MW, PPA

Products: Energy, capacity, reserves

• End Date: November 2019

• Notes: The current owner of the plant, NextEra, offered to buy out the Electric

Department's entitlement in 2019, and the Electric Department accepted. As a result, it no longer has an entitlement to the plant as of November 2019. While Lyndonville no longer had an entitlement in 2020, there was some resettlement in early 2020 which caused dollar

values to be associated with this generator.

Market Contracts

Size: Varies

Fuel: England System Mix

Location: New EnglandEntitlement: Varies (PPA)

Products: Energy, renewable energy credits

End Date: Varies, less than 5 years.

Notes: In addition to the above resources, the Electric Department purchases

system power from various other entities under short-term (5 year or less) agreements. These contracts are described as Planned and

Market Purchases in the tables below.

Other Resource Commitments

The Electric Department has a 20-year commitment to support the Phase I Transmission Facilities from Quebec to Vermont through the Vermont Support Agreement with the Vermont Electric Power Company (VELCO). The terms of the commitment are summarized below.

Phase I Transmission Facilities

Size: 2.000 MW

Facilities: High Voltage Direct Current (HVDC) converter station and lines

• Location: Highgate, Vermont

• Entitlement: 0.108145%

NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS (continued)

Products:

Transmission Rights, Capacity Credits, Lease Payments

• End Date:

10/31/2040

Notes:

The transmission rights give capacity credits to the Electric Department, and may also be leased to third parties to generate revenue. The net-present value of the support costs has been estimated to be about \$42,000, and the capacity credits and lease payments have been estimated to be about \$127,000 and \$130,000 respectively. Default risk is expected to be very low because the parties to the support agreement are all utilities. As a result, the resource is expected to be a low-risk resources that generates a net revenue to the Electric Department.

The percentage of energy (MWH) acquired from the above sources for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

Resource	2020 MWH	%	Fuel	Exp. Date
Chester Solar	2,094	3.20%	System	6/30/2039
Fitchburg Landfill	9,201		Landfill Gas	12/31/2031
HQUS Contract	3,527	5.40%	Hydro	10/31/2038
Kruger Hydro	5,881	9.10%	System	12/31/2037
Market Contracts	-4,861	-7.50%	Hydro	Life of Unit
McNeil Facility	6,892	10.60%	Wood	Life of Unit
NYPA Niagara Contract	5,681	8.80%	Hydro	9/1/2025
NYPA St. Lawrence Contract	120	20.00%	Hydro	4/30/2032
Project #10	84	10.00%	Oil	Life of Unit
Ryegate Facility	1,847	2.90%	Wood	10/31/2021
Seabrook 2018-22 Purchase	28,847	44.50%	Nuclear	12/31/2022
Standard Offer Program	1,356	2.10%	Solar	Varies
Stony Brook Station	418	60.00%	Oil	Life of Unit
Vail & Great Falls Hydro	3,455	5.30%	Hydro	Life of Unit
Veppi Program	243	40.00%	Hydro	Varies

TOTAL RESOURCES	64,785	100.00%
Total Load Including Losses	62,391	
ISO Exchange (+Purchase/-Sale)	-2,394	-3.70%

NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS (continued)

The cost of power from all power vendor sources for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

POWER SUPPLY COSTS		
Resource		Total
Chester Solar	\$	94,076
Fitchburg Landfill		281,385
HQUS Contract		112,021
Kruger Hydro		116,938
Market Contracts		33,174
McNeil Facility		116,692
NYPA Niagara Contract		(25,029)
NYPA St. Lawrence Contract		(2,136)
Phase I/II Transmission Facilities		(28,575)
Project #10		(117,336)
Ryegate Facility		108,940
Seabrook 2018-22 Purchase		839,871
Standard Offer Program		246,129
Stony Brook Station		(57,062)
VEPPI Program		19,828
Wyman Station		<u>(1,150</u>)
SUBTOTAL POWER SUPPLY	,	1,737,766

TRANSMISSION COSTS

Resource	Total
Open Access Transmission Tariff	1,202,407
1991 VTA - Common Facilities	189,451
1991 VTA - Specific Facilities	329,665
1991 SPA - Shared & Exclusive	41,461
Highgate Converter - O&M	1,957
Wyman Transmission	(69)
SUBTOTAL TRANSMISSION	1,764,872

NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS (continued)

ISO MARKETS & MISC COSTS

Resource	Total
Energy Market	1,432,888
Capacity Market	958,923
Reserve Market	15,671
NCPC	8,827
Regulation Services	10,018
Marginal Loss Revenues	(4,533)
Auction Revenue Rights	(8,794)
Other Load Settlement	1,297
VPPSA Fees - Power Supply	80,508
ISONE Self Funding Tariff	84,481
VELCO Tariff Allocation	1,671
VELCO Market Settlement	1,593
VELCO Service Fees	1,576
GIS Costs	<u>487</u>

SUBTOTAL ISO MARKETS & MISC 2,584,613

GRAND TOTAL \$6,087,251

Lyndonville has not participated in the purchase of energy for delivery from any counterparty whose contract has not already begun delivery as of 12/31/2020. All contracted energy purchases are specifically reflected in the 2020 Power Supply Audit Note above.

For many years, VELCO offered stock to the Vermont distribution companies when it undertook a financing. The distribution companies were encouraged to acquire VELCO stock for several reasons. First, the FERC-approved dividend rate substantially exceeds the cost of money used to purchase the stock. Second, as shareholders of VELCO, the municipalities have a voice in the operation of VELCO through the "municipal representative" director who has historically been elected to the VELCO Board. Finally, if each of VELCO's Vermont customers own its' load ratio share of stock, then VELCO and its customers can avoid disputes at FERC over the rate of return on equity of VELCO. In 2006, VELCO created Vt. Transco, a Limited Liability Company. Whereas VELCO previously offered stock, all future financings would be funded by the offer of membership units in Vt. Transco, LLC.

In 2007, Vt. Transco, LLC offered \$113.5 Million of equity in the form of membership units to the Vermont Distribution companies. At the time of the offer, each member had the opportunity to purchase Transco units. As an alternative to purchasing the equity itself, a member of the Vermont Public Power Supply Authority ("VPPSA") had the authority to elect to have VPPSA acquire the units as allowed by the Vt. Transco, LLC operating agreement and a separate TRANSCO equity agreement between the member and VPPSA.

NOTE 7 COMMITMENTS (continued)

The latter agreement does not eliminate the municipality's right to purchase equity in Vt. Transco; it simply provides the option to have VPPSA purchase the units for the benefit of the member and defines the terms should it be advantageous to do so. Between the years 2006 and 2020, VPPSA purchased the following units for the benefit of the Village of Lyndonville Electric Department:

	A Units	B Units	Total	Value
2006	33,017	42,022	75,039	\$ 750,390
2007	96,388	122,672	219,060	2,190,600
2008	2,056	2,617	4,673	46,730
2009	22,037	28,048	50,085	500,850
2010	28,745	36,586	65,331	653,310
2012	26,269	33,434	59,703	597,030
2014	29,620	37,700	67,320	673,200
2016	25,552	32,520	58,072	580,720
2017	12,522	15,936	28,458	284,580
2017	26,062	33,171	59,233	592,330
2018	14,371	18,291	32,662	326,620
2019	5,516	7,021	12,537	125,370
2020	118	150	268	2,680
2020	9,008	<u>11,465</u>	20,473	204,730
	331,281	421,633	752,914	\$7,529,140

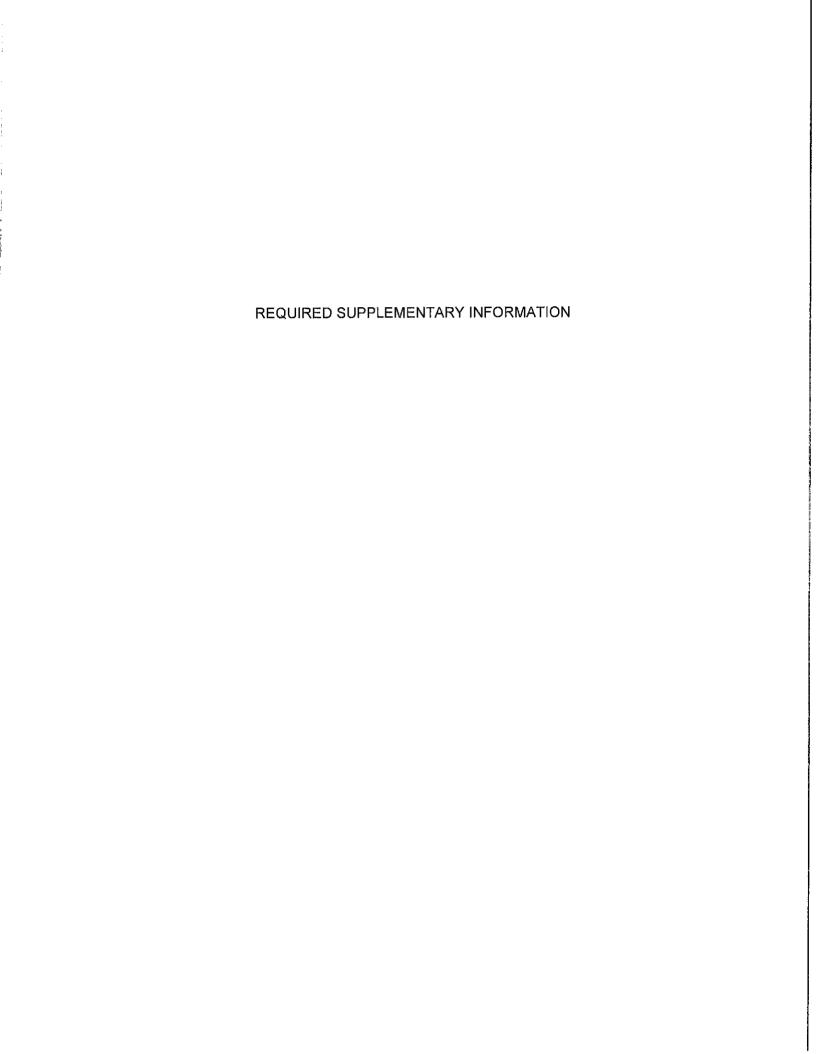
The units are owned by VPPSA, the associated debt is an obligation of VPPSA and VPPSA will receive the distributions related to the units. However, as outlined in the Transco Equity Agreement and further recognized by the Vt. Public Service Board in Docket 7340, the Village of Lyndonville Electric Department will receive all the benefits of the units related to their load share. The distributions received by VPPSA related to these units shall be used first, to cover VPPSA's debt service costs related to those units, and second, all net earnings from the investment will be recorded as investment income in the Village of Lyndonville Electric Department's financial statements. In addition, as principle payments are made on this debt, the member will record an investment in others with an offsetting credit to miscellaneous income. At December 31, 2020 the investment in others is \$3,654,631.

NOTE 8 RISKS AND UNCERTANTIES

During the past year, a global pandemic was declared regarding COVID-19 Coronavirus. As a result of the spread of the virus, economic uncertainties have arisen which may cause a disruption to business operations. There is unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the duration of the pandemic, its potential economic ramifications, and additional government actions to mitigate them. Accordingly, while management expects this matter to impact operating results, the related financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated.

NOTE 9 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In accordance with professional accounting standards, the Department has evaluated subsequent events through February 10, 2021 the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. All subsequent events requiring recognition as of December 31, 2020 have been incorporated into these financial statements herein.



SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - VMERS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Village of Lyndonville Electric Department For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

2019	0.2881%	499,799	\$ 990,760	50.45%	83.64%
	Ö	4	ő	7,	
2018	%2	66 81	12	%0;	%0;
70	0.2877%	404,693	\$ 975,212	41.50%	82.60%
	J	<mark>.</mark>	φ.		
2017	0.2819%	\$ 341,535	\$ 881,335	38.75%	83.64%
		₩.	↔		
2016	0.2624%	\$ 337,670	\$ 770,720	43.81%	80.95%
		€>	↔		
2015	0.2681%	206,701	\$ 696,559	29.67%	87.42%
		₩	↔		
2014	0.2321%	21,179	\$ 683,875	3.10%	98.32%
		⇔	↔		
2013	0.2416%	87,961	726,617	12.11%	92.71%
		s	ь		
	Department's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	Department's covered-employee payroll	Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

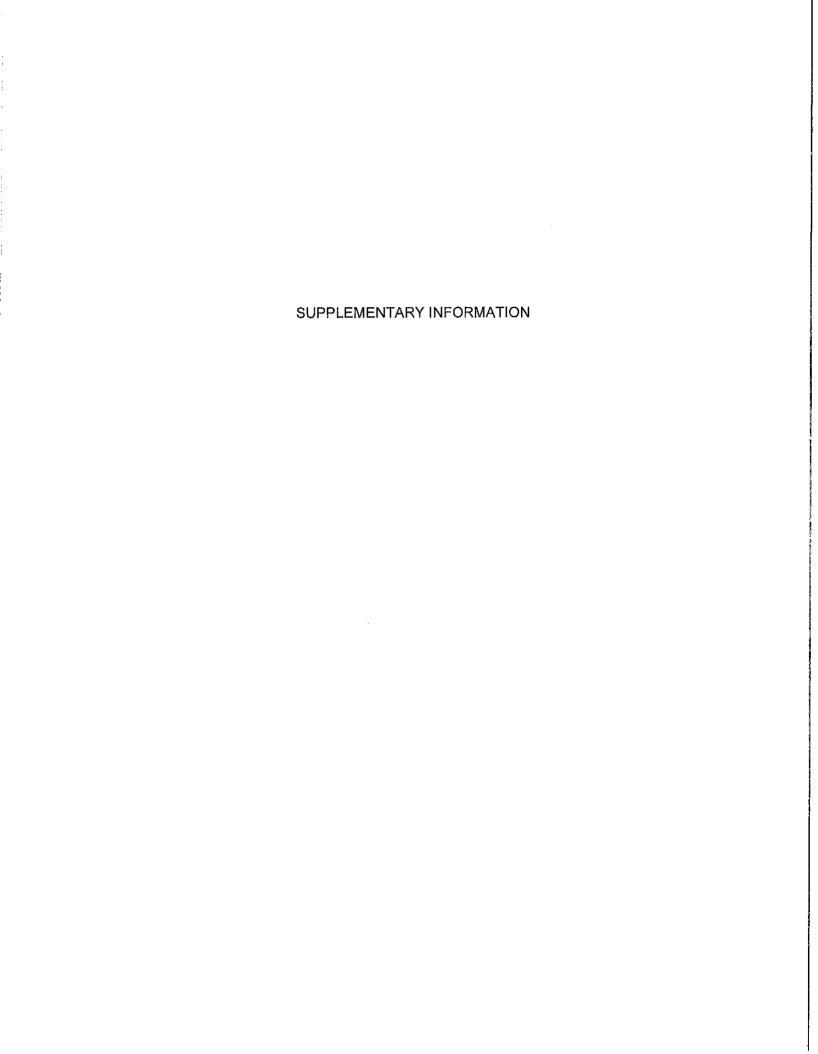
statements. The were no changes in assumptions and methods as of December 31, 2019. Significant Actuarial Assumptions and methods are described in Note 4 to the financial

Village of Lyndonville Electric Department REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - VMERS For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

\$ 29,001 \$ 29,001 \$ 4.35%	\$ 37,478 \$ 37,478 \$ 696,559 \$ 5.38%	\$ 37,478 \$ 37,478 \$ \$ 5.38%	\$ 37,478 \$ 39,878 \$ 37,478 \$ 39,878 \$ 696,559 \$ 770,720	\$ 37,478 \$ 39,878 \$ 4 \$ 696,559 \$ 770,720 \$ 88	\$ 2015 2016 2017 \$ 37,478 \$ 39,878 \$ 46,036 \$ 696,559 \$ 770,720 \$ 881,335 \$ 5.38% 5.17% 5.22%	\$ 2015 2016 2017 \$ 37,478 \$ 39,878 \$ 46,036 \$ 696,559 \$ 770,720 \$ 881,335 \$ 5.38% 5.17% 5.22%	2013	Contractually Required Contributions (Actuarially Determined)	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	Covered Employee Payroll \$ 737,580	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
	,	ф ф	\$ 39,878 39,878 \$ 770,720	\$ 39,878 \$ 4	\$ 39,878 \$ 46,036 \$ 770,720 \$ 881,335	\$ 39,878 \$ 46,036 \$ 770,720 \$ 881,335	2014	5 29,001 8	29,001		4.35%
\$ 46,036 \$ 50,389 \$ 5 5 6,389 \$ 5 6 6,036 \$ 50,389 \$ 5 6 6,036 \$ 50,389 \$ 5 6,389 \$ 5 6,389 \$ 5 6,038 \$ 6	\$ 46,036 \$ 50,389 \$ 5 5 6,389 \$ 5 6 6,036 \$ 50,389 \$ 5 6 6,036 \$ 50,389 \$ 5 6,389 \$ 5 6,389 \$ 5 6,038 \$ 6	2017 2018 46,036 \$ 50,389 \$ 5 46,036 \$ 975,212 \$ 99 55.22% 5.17%	\$ 50,389 \$ 5 50,389 \$ 5 \$ 975,212 \$ 99	2018 50,389 \$ 5 50,389 \$ 5 75,212 \$ 99	\$ 66 8		2019	55,351	55,351	0,760	5.59%

statements. The were no changes in assumptions and methods as of December 31, 2019. Significant Actuarial Assumptions and methods are described in Note 4 to the financial

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.



Village of Lyndonville Electric Department (A Component Unit of the Village of Lyndonville, Vermont) SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Operation	Maintenance	Total
PRODUCTION EXPENSES			
Power Generation:			
Supervision and labor	\$ 47,740	\$ 7,382	
Supplies and expense	100,411	54,885	155,296
Total Power Generation Expenses	<u>\$ 148,151</u>	\$ 62,267	210,418
Purchased Power			6,087,251
TOTAL PRODUCTION EXPENSES			6,297,669
TRANSMISSION SUPPLIES AND EXPENSE	\$ 9,316	\$ 3,694	13,010
DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES			
Supervision and labor	\$ 41,600	\$ -	41,600
Line and station expense	236,702	603,202	839,904
Street lighting and signal system	894	9,064	9,958
Meter expense	26,002	744	26,746
Customer installation	3,701	-	3,701
Miscellaneous distribution expenses	214,429	-	214,429
Rent	36,015	<u> </u>	36,015
TOTAL DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES	<u>\$ 559,343</u>	<u>\$ 613,010</u>	1,172,353
CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES			
Meter reading expense			103,404
Customer record and collection expense			216,153
Uncollectible accounts			22,203
Promotional expense			125
Miscellaneous expense			10,412
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES			352,297
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
Salaries			157,332
Office supplies and expense			37,558
Outside services employed			374,823
Property insurance			56,634
Injuries and damages			26,031
Employee pension and benefits			556,384
Miscellaneous			91,449
TOTAL GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			<u>1,300,211</u>
TOTAL OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND			
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE			<u>\$ 9,135,540</u>

Village of Lyndonville Electric Department (A Component Unit of the Village of Lyndonville, Vermont) SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Operation	Maintenance	Total
PRODUCTION EXPENSES			
Power Generation:			
Supervision and labor	\$ 41,816	\$ 9,085	\$ 50,901
Supplies and expense	<u>119,612</u>	22,494	142,106
Total Power Generation Expenses	<u>\$ 161,428</u>	<u>\$ 31,579</u>	193,007
Purchased power			6,148,636
TOTAL PRODUCTION EXPENSES			6,341,643
TRANSMISSION SUPPLIES AND EXPENSE	\$ 11,363	\$ 2,486	13,849
DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES			
Supervision and labor	\$ 32,365	\$ 2	32,367
Line and station expense	249,063	663,631	912,694
Street lighting and signal system	1,762	12,468	14,230
Meter expense	26,967	1,084	28,051
Customer installation	2,209	}	2,209
Miscellaneous distribution expenses	200,273	p.a.	200,273
Rent	35,671	A 077 405	35,671
TOTAL DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES	\$ 548,310	\$ 677,185	1,225,495
CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES			
Meter reading expense			108,078
Customer record and collection expense			222,060
Uncollectible accounts			49,866
Promotional expense			919
Miscellaneous expense			4,759
TOTAL CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS EXPENSES			385,682
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
Salaries			163,272
Office supplies and expense			39,036
Outside services employed			308,516
Property insurance			52,167
Injuries and damages			46,295
Employee pension and benefits			476,223
Miscellaneous			<u>114,384</u>
TOTAL GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			<u>1,199,893</u>
TOTAL OPERATION, MAINTENANCE AND			A 0 400 707
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			\$ 9,166,562